TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	DISCLAIMER	1
1.1	Regulatory Agency Acceptance	1
1.2	FCC Statement	1
1.3	Manual Version Information	2
1.4	Manual Copyright Notice	2
2	IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	3
3	CAPABILITY, DEVICE FEATURES AND PRODUCT FEATURES	19
3.1	Device Capabilities	19
3.2	Device Features	19
4	PRODUCT IMAGES	21
5	UNPACKING AND INSTALLATION	23
5.1	Shipping Carton	23
5.2	Important Safety Instructions	23
5.3	Initial Operation Check Using Factory Default Settings	23
6	FRONT PANEL CONTROLS	24
6.1	Button controls	25
6.2	Special button combinations and functions	26
6.2.1	1 Saving current settings	26
6.2.2	2 Locking front panel buttons & IR remote control	27
6.2.3	Restore power-on settings	27
6.2.4	Factory Reset	27
7	VIDEO INPUTS AND OUTPUTS	28
7.1	Input numbering	29
7.2	Computer & Video inputs	29
7.3	Computer & Video outputs	30
7.4	SDI inputs and outputs	31
7.5	GENLOCK input	31
7.6	Audio	31
8	OPERATING MODES AND ARCHITECTURE	32
8.1	Switcher	33
8.2	Independent	34
8.3	Multi-PIP	35
9	MENU LAYOUT AND SETTINGS ADJUSTMENT	37
9.1	Group Names and Descriptions	38

9.2	Adjust presets menu item	39
9.3	Items Associated with the Adjust outputs group	39
9.4	Items Associated with the Adjust windows group	43
9.4.1	Extended scaling controls	47
9.4.2	'Aspect adjust' = 'Advanced'	48
9.4.3	'Aspect adjust' = 'Pixel'	48
9.5	Items Associated with the Adjust keyers group	49
9.6	Edge Blend items within the Adjust keyers group	51
9.7	Items Associated with the Adjust logos group	52
9.8	Items Associated with the Adjust borders group	53
9.9	Items Associated with the Adjust sources group	54
9.9.1	Menu items common to all inputs	54
9.9.2	DVI Source Menu Items	57
9.9.3	RGB Source Menu Items	59
9.9.4	CV & YC Source Menu Items	60
9.9.5	Still Image Store / Testcard Source Menu Items	61
9.10	Items associated with the Adjust transitions group	61
9.11	Items associated with the Adjust ethernet group	62
9.12	Items associated with the Adjust resolutions group	64
9.13	Items Associated with the System group	67
10 E	DGE-BLENDING SETUP	72
10.1	Introduction	72
10.2	Edge-blending requirements	73
10.3	Basic setup of the two projectors	74
10.4	Connections to the scaler(s) and projectors	.74
10.5	Initial setup	75
10.6	Edge-blending activation	76
10.7	Edge-blending overlap / size	76
10.8	Edge-blending guide lines	77
10.9	Alignment of projectors	78
10.10	Gamma correction	80
10.11	Brightness compensation	80
10.12	Aspect ratio adjustment	81
10.13	Locking both outputs together	81
10.14	Other setup approaches	82
11 3	D VIDEO	85

11.1	General information	85
11.2	Frame packed 3D video resolutions	85
11.3	Scaling of 3D resolutions using a single CORIO2 scaler	86
11.4	Scaling of 3D resolutions using two CORIO2 scalers	87
11.5	2x Camera inputs to 3D resolutions using two CORIO2 scalers	88
11.6	3D resolutions to 2x Projectors using two CORIO2 scalers	89
11.7	3D Picture-in-Picture	90
11.8	Other types of 3D resolution / Transcoding between them	91
11.9	CORIO2 units suitable for 3D processing	91
12 S	ERIAL PORT	93
12.1	Connection	93
12.2	Communications protocol	93
13 E	THERNET PORT	95
13.1	Connection	95
14 S	ERIAL / IP CONTROL SPECIFICATION	96
14.1	Communication protocol basics	96
14.2	Packet format	97
14.3	Function list	99
14.4	Examples	. 108
14.5	Reading and writing macros	. 109
14.5.1	Reading a previously stored Macro	. 109
14.5.2	Writing to a macro	. 110
14.5.3	Run and Restore macros	. 110
14.5.4	Emulate a front panel button press	. 111
14.5.5	Reset command	. 115
15 C	OMMON OPERATIONS	117
15.1	Operation of the Keyer	. 117
15.1.1	Preparation:	. 117
15.1.2	Adjustment:	. 117
16 T	ROUBLESHOOTING AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT	119
16.1	There is no picture on the Output.	. 119
16.2	The image is shifted and not fully viewable	.119
16.3	The output resolutions no longer appear as expected	. 119
16.4	There is excessive flicker on the Output	. 120
16.5	The Output image is distorted	. 120
16.6	Some colors appear to be incorrect on the CV/YC output	. 120

16.7	How can I reduce color smearing on CV connections?	120
16.8	I can no longer adjust the Output image resolution	120
16.9	The picture on the video display is black and white	120
16.10	The picture on the video display is green	120
16.11	The RGB input is selected but the image is rolling or pink	121
16.12	The video signal from my DVD player does not appear to work	121
16.13	Image is flashing, snow is present, or source image does not appear	121
17 R	ETURN PROCEDURE	. 122
17.1	Are you sure there's a fault?	122
17.2	To return a unit for repair	122
18 W	VARRANTY POLICY	. 124
19 C	CONNECTOR PINOUTS	. 125
19.1	DVI-U connector	125
19.2	RS232/422/485 D9 socket	125
19.3	HD44 Connection on optional Audio module	126
20 S	PECIFICATIONS	. 127
20.1	Video Inputs	127
20.2	Reference Input	127
20.3	Computer Digital Inputs	127
20.4	Analog inputs	127
20.5	Video Outputs	127
20.6	Computer Digital Outputs	128
20.7	Analog Outputs	128
20.8	SDI inputs & outputs	128
20.9	Audio module	128
20.10	Locking/Mixing	128
20.11	Scaling / sampling / memory	128
20.12	Reliability	129
20.13	Warranty	129
20.14	Regulatory Compliance	129
20.15	Environmental	129
20.16	Power Requirement	129
20.17	Control Methods	129
20.18	Accessories Included	129
20.19	Mechanical	129
20.20	Optional Accessories	130

1 DISCLAIMER

This product is intended for professional and/or home use. This product is not intended for use in a medical environment and does not have the required certifications for such use. Similarly, use aboard any aircraft or spacecraft while in flight or as an adjunct to any surface, airborne or marine navigation system or any offshore marine activity, including control of any watercraft, or any use similar to those specifically herein mentioned is prohibited. Use in the aforementioned circumstances would require additional testing and certification.

You have not become the owner of any software - you have merely purchased the right to use the software. You may make one copy of the software for your own use. Other copies will be deemed a breach of copyright.

No warranty is made either expressed or implied including but not limited to any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall the supplier or manufacturer of this product be liable for errors found within, or be liable for any direct, indirect or consequential damages or loss in connection with the purchase or use of this hardware software or manual. The sole and exclusive liability to the supplier and manufacturer regardless of the form of action shall not exceed the replacement cost of the materials described herein.

By using this equipment you have indicated that you have agreed to the terms listed above. If you do not wish to agree or the above terms are contrary to your conditions of purchase you may return the equipment, unused, to your supplier. All trademarks and copyrights are acknowledged. E&OE.

1.1 Regulatory Agency Acceptance

European 'CE' Mark Statement

Emissions: BS EN 61000-6-3:2006

(Generic Immunity Standard for Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial)

Immunity: BS EN 61000-6-1:2001 or EN 55103-2:2009

(Generic Immunity Standard for Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial)

Safety (AC inlet units): IEC 60065

1.2 FCC Statement

Class A Device: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide a reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the Instruction Manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Caution: This equipment is intended for use in the manner prescribed in the Instruction Manual. Any user changes or modifications not expressly approved by TV One Multimedia Solutions could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. Connecting this equipment to external devices requires no specially shielded cabling for FCC compliance. The Instruction Manual shows or describes the proper connection of this equipment for operation that insures FCC compliance.

Direct all inquiries regarding FCC compliance to:

TV One Multimedia Solutions 2791 Circleport Drive Erlanger, KY 41018 USA Tel 859-282-7303 Fax 859-282-8225

1.3 Manual Version Information

Version: 2.15

Release Date: February, 2011

1.4 Manual Copyright Notice

This Operation Manual is the intellectual property of TV One, ©2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011. No portion of this manual may be copied or reproduced in any manner or by any means, including, but not limited to electronic and electromechanical, without the express written permission of TV One.

2 IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

To insure the best from this product, please read this manual carefully.

- (i) Read these instructions
- (i) Keep these Instructions
- (i) Heed all warnings
- (i) Follow all instructions
- Do not use this apparatus near water
- (i) Clean only with a dry cloth
- ① Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions
- ① Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- ① Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wide blade or third prong are provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
- Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
- This unit must be connected to a mains socket outlet with a protective earth connection.
- The AC wall outlet should be installed near to the unit and be easily accessible.
- ① Only use attachments / accessories specified by the manufacturer
- ① Unplug this apparatus during lighting storms or when unused for long periods of time
- Refer all servicing to qualified servicing personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid had been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.
 - WARNING To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose this apparatus to rain or moisture.

① The AC power cord or adaptor furnished with the unit should conform to the type in use in your country. Please compare the plug on your cord or adaptor with the power socket where the unit will be installed.

If you did not receive the correct plug, **DO NOT** attempt to modify it. Instead, immediately contact your dealer or contact TV One at the sales office nearest to your geographic location and request the proper plug.

2. 1 Intellectual property

Some IC chips in this product include confidential and/or trade secret property. Therefore you may not copy, modify, adapt, translate, distribute, reverse engineer, reverse assemble or decompile the contents thereof.

2 CONSIGNE IMPORTANTE DE SECURITE

Pour obtenir les meilleures performances avec ce produit, nous vous demandons de lire soigneusement ce manuel.

- (i) Lisez ces consignes
- Conservez ces consignes
- i Respectez tous les avertissements
- Respectez toutes les consignes
- (i) N'utilisez pas cet appareil à proximité d'eau
- (i) Nettoyez-le en utilisant uniquement un chiffon sec
- Ne bloquez pas les ouvertures de ventilation. Installez cet appareil en respectant les consignes du constructeur
- Ne procédez pas à une installation à proximité de sources de chaleur, quelles qu'elles soient, (radiateurs, registres calorifiques, fours, etc.) ou d'autres appareils (dont des amplificateurs) qui produisent de la chaleur
- Ne cherchez pas à détourner l'objectif de la prise électrique à polarisation ou à mise à la masse. Une prise électrique polarisée comporte deux lames de largeurs différentes. Une prise à mise à la masse a deux lames et une broche de mise à la masse. La lame la plus large ou la troisième broche ont pour but de vous protéger. Si la prise fournie ne correspond pas à la prise murale, consultez un électricien pour remplacer l'élément obsolète
- Protégez le cordon électrique pour éviter que l'on ne marche dessus ou qu'on ne le coince, en particulier au niveau des prises mâles ou des prises murales et au niveau de l'appareil
- Il faut brancher l'appareil sur une prise du secteur disposant d'une mise à la terre.
- La prise murale de courant doit être installée près de l'unité et aisément accessible.
- ① Utilisez uniquement les fixations et accessoires spécifiés par le fabricant
- ① Débranchez cet appareil durant les orages électriques ou pendant les périodes prolongées d'inactivité
- Confiez toutes les interventions d'entretien à un personnel qualifié spécialisé dans l'entretien. Une intervention d'entretien s'avère nécessaire lorsque cet appareil a été endommagé, d'une façon ou d'une autre, par exemple lorsque le cordon d'alimentation électrique ou sa prise est endommagé, lorsqu'il y a eu un épanchement de

liquide ou lorsque des objets sont tombés sur cet appareil, voire même lorsque cet appareil a été exposé à de la pluie ou une humidité, ne fonctionne pas normalement ou est tombé.

AVERTISSEMENT Pour réduire tout risque d'incendie ou de choc électrique, n'exposez pas cet appareil à la pluie ou à une humidité.

(i) Le câble d'alimentation secteur ou l'adaptateur remis avec cet appareil doit être conforme au type employé dans votre pays. Veuillez comparer la prise de votre cordon électrique ou de votre adaptateur à la prise murale de l'emplacement où doit être installé votre appareil.

Si vous n'avez pas reçu la bonne prise, <u>N'ESSAYEZ PAS</u> de la modifier. Vous devez au contraire immédiatement contacter votre revendeur ou le bureau de vente TV One le plus proche de chez vous pour demander la bonne prise.

2. 1 Propriété intellectuelle

Certaines puces à circuits imprimés de ce produit contiennent des données confidentielles et (ou) des secrets professionnels. Par conséquent, vous ne pouvez pas recopier, modifier, adapter, traduire ou distribuer son contenu ou procéder à une ingénierie inverse ou à une décompilation de ce contenu.

2 WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSANWEISUNGEN

Lesen Sie diese Bedienungsanleitung sorgfältig, um zu gewährleisten, dass Sie den optimalen Nutzen aus diesem Produkt ziehen.

- Lesen Sie diese Anweisungen.
- i Bewahren Sie diese Anweisungen auf.
- (i) Beachten Sie alle Warnhinweise.
- Befolgen Sie alle Anweisungen.
- (i) Verwenden Sie dieses Gerät nicht in der Nähe von Wasser.
- (i) Verwenden Sie zur Reinigung nur ein trockenes Tuch.
- Blockieren Sie keine Lüftungsöffnungen. Installieren Sie das Gerät nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.
- Stellen Sie das Gerät nicht in der Nähe von Wärmequellen wie etwa Heizkörpern, Heizklappen, Öfen oder anderen Wärme erzeugenden Geräten (einschließlich Verstärkern) auf.
- Setzen Sie den Sicherheitszweck von unvertauschbaren Steckern oder Erdungssteckern nicht außer Kraft. Ein unvertauschbarer Stecker besitzt zwei Messerkontakte, von denen einer breiter als der andere ist. Ein Erdungsstecker besitzt zwei Messerkontakte und einen dritten Erdungskontakt. Der breitere Messerkontakt oder der Erdungskontakt dient Ihrer Sicherheit. Falls der mitgelieferte Stecker nicht an eine Steckdose angeschlossen werden kann, beauftragen Sie einen Elektriker, die veraltete Steckdose auszutauschen.
- Schützen Sie das Netzkabel, so dass niemand auf das Netzkabel treten kann oder es insbesondere an Steckern, Steckdosen und an der Stelle, an der das Netzkabel aus dem Gerät geführt wird, nicht eingeklemmt werden kann.
- ① Verwenden Sie nur Zusatzgeräte/Zubehör, die/das der Hersteller angibt.
- Ziehen Sie den Netzstecker dieses Geräts bei Gewittern und auch dann ab, wenn es über einen längeren Zeitraum nicht betrieben wird.
- Lassen Sie Reparaturen nur von qualifiziertem Wartungspersonal durchführen. Reparaturen sind erforderlich, wenn das Gerät in irgendeiner Form beschädigt wurde, beispielsweise das Netzkabel oder der Stecker beschädigt wurde, Flüssigkeit auf dem Gerät verschüttet wurde oder Objekte in das Gerät gefallen sind, das Gerät Regen oder Feuchtigkeit ausgesetzt wurde, nicht normal arbeitet oder fallen gelassen wurde.
 - WARNUNG: Setzen Sie das Gerät weder Regen noch Feuchtigkeit aus, um die Gefahr eines Brandes oder elektrischen Schlags zu minimieren.

① Das mitgelieferte Netzkabel oder der mitgelieferte Adapter müssen dem in Ihrem Land verwendeten Typ entsprechen. Vergleichen Sie den Netzstecker oder Adapter mit der Netzsteckdose, an die das Gerät angeschlossen wird.

Falls Sie nicht den richtigen Stecker erhalten haben, versuchen Sie **NICHT**, ihn zu ändern. Setzen Sie sich stattdessen mit Ihrem Fachhändler oder der Verkaufsniederlassung von TV One in Verbindung, die sich am nächsten an Ihrem Wohnort befindet, und fordern Sie den richtigen Stecker an.

2.1 Geistiges Eigentum

Einige IC-Chips in diesem Produkt enthalten vertrauliche Informationen und/oder Geschäftsgeheimnisse. Aus diesem Grund dürfen Sie deren Inhalt nicht kopieren, ändern, anpassen, übersetzen, verteilen zurückentwickeln oder dekompilieren.

2 INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Para garantizar el máximo rendimiento de este producto, lea cuidadosamente este manual.

- (i) Lea estas instrucciones
- (i) Guarde estas instrucciones
- (i) Respete todas las advertencias
- Siga todas las instrucciones
- (i) No use este aparato cerca del aqua
- i Límpielo sólo con un paño seco
- No bloquee ninguna abertura de ventilación. Instálelo de acuerdo con las instrucciones del fabricante.
- No lo instale cerca de fuentes de calor como radiadores, salidas de aire caliente, estufas u otros aparatos (incluyendo amplificadores) que produzcan calor.
- Respete la finalidad de seguridad de las clavijas polarizadas o con toma de tierra. Una clavija polarizada tiene dos cuchillas, una más ancha que la otra. Una clavija del tipo de puesta a tierra tiene dos cuchillas y un tercer borne para puesta a tierra. La cuchilla más ancha o el tercer borne son para su seguridad. Si la clavija suministrada no se adapta a su toma de corriente, consulte a un electricista para que cambie la toma obsoleta.
- (i) Proteja el cable de alimentación para que no se pueda pisar ni pellizcar, especialmente junto a las clavijas, tomas de corriente, y en el punto de salida de las mismas en el aparato.
- (i) Use sólo accesorios / elementos especificados por el fabricante
- Desenchufe el aparato durante las tormentas eléctricas o si no va a usarlo durante un largo período de tiempo.
- Consulte con personal cualificado cualquier tipo de servicio. Se necesitará servicio cuando el aparato haya sufrido daños de cualquier tipo, como daños en el cable de alimentación o en las clavijas, haya entrado líquido o se hayan caído objetos dentro del aparato, haya estado expuesto a la lluvia o humedad, no funcione normalmente o se haya caído.
 - ADVERTENCIA: Para reducir el riesgo de incendio o electrocución, no exponga el aparato a la lluvia ni la humedad.
 - (i) El cable de alimentación de C.A o el adaptador suministrado con la unidad debe ser conforme al tipo usado en su país. Compare la clavija en su cable o adaptador con la toma de corriente donde vaya a instalar la unidad.

Si no ha recibido la clavija correcta, <u>NO</u> intente modificarla. Póngase inmediatamente en contacto con su distribuidor o con TV One en la oficina de ventas más cercana a su localización geográfica y solicite la clavija adecuada.

2.1 Propiedad intelectual

Algunos chips con circuitos integrados presentes en este producto incluyen propiedad confidencial y/o secreta del sector. Por lo tanto, usted no puede copiar, modificar, adaptar, traducir, distribuir, diseñar a la inversa, montar a la inversa o descompilar el contenido de los mismos.

2 BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIE

Om dit product optimaal te kunnen gebruiken, dient u deze handleiding aandacht te lezen.

- (i) Lees deze instructies
- (i) Bewaar deze instructies
- Let op alle waarschuwingen
- Volg alle instructies
- (i) Gebruik dit apparaat niet in de nabijheid van water
- (i) Reinig het apparaat alleen met een droge doek
- Blokkeer geen ventilatieopeningen. Installeer het apparaat volgens de instructies van de fabrikant
- Plaats het apparaat niet in de nabijheid van warmtebronnen zoals radiatoren, kachels, warmtesensoren zoals thermometers, of andere apparaten (waaronder versterkers) die warmte afgeven.
- Omzeil het beveiligingsoogmerk van de gepolariseerde of geaarde stekker niet. Een gepolariseerde stekker heeft twee pinnen, waarvan de een breder is dan de ander. Een geaarde stekker heeft twee pinnen, en een derde pin; een zogeheten aardlekpin. De bredere pin of aardlekpin is er voor uw veiligheid. Als de geleverde stekker niet in het stopcontact past, vraag dan een elektricien om het verouderde stopcontact te vervangen.
- Bescherm de netspanningkabel zodanig dat er niet op kan worden gelopen en dat er geen kink in kan komen, vooral bij de stekker, pinnen, en bij de aansluiting op het apparaat
- Gebruik alleen de accessoires en onderdelen die door de fabrikant worden aanbevolen
- Haal de stekker van dit apparaat bij onweer uit het stopcontact. Doe dit ook wanneer het apparaat lange tijd niet wordt gebruikt.
- Laat alle onderhoud over aan gekwalificeerd personeel. Onderhoud is vereist wanneer het apparaat op enigerlei wijze is beschadigd, bijvoorbeeld in het geval van een beschadigd netsnoer of een beschadigde stekker, wanneer er vloeistof op het apparaat is gemorst, of wanneer er een voorwerp in het apparaat is gevallen, wanneer het apparaat is blootgesteld aan regen of vocht, niet normaal functioneert, of is gevallen.
 - WAARSCHUWING Om het risico op brand of een elektrische schok te verkleinen, dient u dit apparaat niet bloot te stellen aan regen of vocht.
 - Thet type wisselspanningkabel of adapter dat met deze eenheid is geleverd, dient overeen te komen met wat in uw land wordt gebruikt.

Vergelijk de stekker van de kabel of adapter met het stopcontact waarop de eenheid wordt aangesloten.

Als u niet de juiste stekker hebt ontvangen, breng dan zelf **GEEN** wijzigingen aan. Neem in plaats daarvan direct contact op met uw dealer of met de afdeling verkoop van TV One die zich het dichtst bij u in de buurt bevindt en vraag om de juiste stekker.

2.1 Intellectueel eigendom

In bepaalde IC-chips in dit product zijn vertrouwelijke informatie en/of geheime handelseigendommen opgenomen. Het is u daarom niet toegestaan om de inhoud ervan te kopiëren, wijzigen, aanpassen, vertalen, verspreiden, te onderwerpen aan reverse engineering, reverse assembling, of te decompileren.

2 VIKTIGA SÄKERHETSANVISNINGAR

För att få ut det bästa av din produkt bör du läsa denna bruksanvisning noggrant.

- Läs dessa anvisningar
- Spara dessa anvisningar
- i Rätta dig efter alla varningar
- (i) Följ alla instruktioner
- (i) Använd inte enheten nära vatten
- (i) Rengör enheten endast med torr trasa
- Blockera inte ventilationsöppningarna. Installera enheten enligt tillverkarens anvisningar
- Placera inte enheten nära värmekällor, som värmeelement, varmluftsintag, spisar eller annan utrustning (inklusive förstärkare) som producerar värme.
- Försök inte använda en stickkontakt i ett uttag som den inte är utformad att användas i. En polariserad kontakt har två blad det ena bredare än det andra. En jordad kontakt har två blad och ett tredje jordstift. Det breda bladet eller jordstiftet är till för din säkerhet. Om den medföljande stickkontakten inte passar i ditt eluttag måste du kontakta en elektriker för att få eluttaget utbytt.
- (i) Skydda nätsladden så att man inte kan trampa på den eller klämma den, särskilt intill stickkontakten, vid grenuttag och där den kommer ut från enheten.
- ① Använd bara anslutningar och tillbehör som specificeras av tillverkaren.
- ① Dra ur nätsladden före åskväder eller när enheten inte ska användas en längre tid.
- Överlåt all service åt kvalificerad servicepersonal. Service krävs när enheten är skadad på något sätt, t.ex. om nätsladden eller stickkontakten har skadats, om vätska eller främmande föremål har kommit in i enheten, om enheten har utsatts för regn eller fukt, om den inte fungerar normalt eller om den har tappats i golvet.
 - VARNING Med tanke på risken för brand och elchock får enheten inte utsättas för regn eller fukt.
 - ① Den medföljande nätsladden eller adaptorn måste vara av den typ som används i ditt land. Jämför stickkontakten på nätsladden eller adaptorn med eluttaget där enheten ska installeras.

Om du inte fick rätt stickkontakt **FÅR DU INTE** försöka anpassa den. Kontakta i stället omedelbart butiken eller TV Ones närmaste försäliningsställe och be att få rätt stickkontakt.

2.1 Intellektuell egendom

Vissa IC-chip i denna produkt innehåller konfidentiellt material och/eller företagshemligheter. Du får därför inte kopiera, modifiera, anpassa, översätta eller distribuera innehållet eller använda reverse engineering, assemblering eller dekompilering på det.

2 VIKTIGE SIKKERHETSANVISNINGER

For at du skal få mest mulig ut av dette produktet, ber vi deg lese denne håndboken nøye.

- (i) Les disse anvisningene.
- i Ta vare på disse anvisningene.
- (i) Vær oppmerksom på alle anvisningene.
- Følg alle anvisningene.
- i lkke bruk dette apparatet i nærheten av vann.
- i) Må bare rengjøres med en tørr klut.
- Ikke blokker ventilasjonsåpningene. Må installeres i overensstemmelse med produsentens anvisninger.
- Må ikke installeres i nærheten av varmekilder som radiatorer, varmeapparater, komfyrer eller andre apparater (også forsterkere) som produserer varme.
- (1) Ikke sett sikkerhetsinnretningen til det polariserte eller jordete støpselet ut av funksjon. Et polarisert støpsel har to pinner, hvor den ene er bredere enn den andre. Et jordet støpsel har to pinner pluss en tredje jordingspinne. Den brede pinnen eller tredje pinnen er der av hensyn til sikkerheten. Hvis støpselet som følger med ikke passer i kontakten, må du kontakte en elektriker for å få skiftet ut kontakten.
- Beskytt ledningen mot å bli tråkket på eller klemt, spesielt ved støpselet, stikkontakten og punktet hvor den kommer ut av apparatet.
- (i) Ikke bruk andre typer tilbehør enn det som er angitt av produsenten.
- (i) Koble apparatet fra strømforsyningen i tordenvær eller når det ikke skal brukes over en lengre periode.
- Overlat all service til kvalifisert servicepersonell. Apparatet trenger service hvis det på en eller annen måte har fått en skade, for eksempel at ledningen eller støpselet er ødelagt, det er blitt sølt væske på eller gjenstander har falt inn i apparatet, apparatet har vært utsatt for regn eller fuktighet, ikke fungerer som det skal eller har falt i gulvet.
 - ADVARSEL For å redusere faren for brann eller elektrisk støt, må apparatet ikke utsettes for regn eller fuktighet.
- Strømledningen (vekselstrøm) eller adapteren som følger med enheten må tilsvare den typen som brukes i landet der du bor. Sammenlign støpselet på ledningen eller adapteren med stikkontakten der hvor enheten skal installeres.

Hvis du har fått feil støpsel, må du <u>IKKE</u> forsøke å modifisere det. I stedet må du straks kontakte forhandleren eller nærmeste salgskontor for TV One og be om riktig type støpsel.

2.1 Opphavsrett

Noen av IC-brikkene i dette produktet inneholder fortrolig informasjon og/eller fabrikkhemmeligheter. Du må derfor ikke kopiere, endre, tilpasse, oversette, distribuere, rekonstruere kildekodene til eller dekompilere noe av dette innholdet.

2 TÄRKEITÄ TURVALLISUUSOHJEITA

Lue tämä opaskirja huolellisesti, jotta saat parhaan hyödyn tästä tuotteesta.

- Lue nämä ohjeet
- Säilytä nämä ohjeet
- (i) Ota kaikki varoitukset huomioon
- Noudata kaikkia ohjeita
- i Älä käytä tätä laitetta veden lähellä
- (i) Puhdista vain kuivalla kankaalla
- Älä tuki ilma-aukkoja. Asenna laite valmistajan ohjeiden mukaisesti.
- Älä asenna laitetta lähelle lämpölähteitä, kuten esim. lämpöpatteria, lämmitintä, uunia tai muita lämpöä tuottavia laitteita (vahvistimet mukaan lukien).
- Älä tee tyhjäksi polarisoidun tai maadoitetun pistokkeen turvallisuustarkoitusta. Polarisoidussa pistokkeessa on kaksi kosketuspiikkiä, joista toinen on leveämpi. Maadoitetussa pistokkeessa on kaksi kosketuspiikkiä ja kolmas maattokosketin. Leveä kosketuspiikki tai kolmas maattokosketin on turvallisuusominaisuus. Jos toimitettu pistoke ei sovi pistorasiaan, pyydä sähköasentajaa asentamaan uusi pistorasia.
- Varmista, että verkkojohdon yli ei kävellä eikä se jää puristuksiin etenkin pistoke- ja liitinkohdista sekä laitteesta ulostulevista kohdista.
- (i) Käytä vain valmistajan määrittämiä lisälaitteita/lisävarusteita.
- (i) Kytke laite irti verkkovirrasta ukkosmyrskyn aikana tai silloin, kun sitä ei käytetä pitkään aikaan.
- Jätä kaikki huoltotoimenpiteet pätevän huoltohenkilöstön suoritettavaksi. Laite on toimitettava huoltoon, jos se on vahingoittunut jotenkin, kuten esim. verkkojohto tai pistoke on vioittunut, laitteeseen on joutunut nestettä tai laitteen päälle on pudonnut esineitä, laite on altistunut sateelle tai kosteudelle, laite ei toimi normaalisti tai se on pudonnut.
 - VAROITUS! Älä altista tätä laitetta sateelle tai kosteudelle tulipalon tai sähköiskun vaaran vähentämiseksi
- ① Laitteen mukana tulevan verkkojohdon tai sovittimen tulee olla yhdenmukainen maassa jo käytössä olevien kanssa. Tarkasta, että verkkojohdon pistoke tai sovitin sopii asennuspaikassa olevaan pistorasiaan.

Jos laitteen pistoke on väärä, ÄLÄ yritä muunnella sitä. Ota heti yhteys jälleenmyyjään tai lähimpään TV One -myyntikonttoriin ja pyydä oikeaa pistoketta.

2.1 Immateriaaliomaisuus

Jotkut tässä tuotteessa olevat IC-sirut sisältävät luottamuksellista ja/tai liikesalaisuusomaisuutta. Sen tähden sisältöä ei saa kopioida, muokata, kääntää, jakaa, takaisinmallintaa, mallintaa symbolisella konekielellä tai kääntää takaisin.

3 CAPABILITY, DEVICE FEATURES AND PRODUCT FEATURES

3.1 Device Capabilities

The C2-8000 Series uses the proprietary CORIO[®]2 Engine to perform its functions, being the second generation of the successful CORIO[®] products. The CORIO[®]2 technology is a powerful toolset for any application requiring high quality video signal conversion or image manipulation.

The unit features a dual-channel architecture with three video processing and scaling engines. Advanced video mixing, keying, edge-blending and seamless switching capabilities are supported.

These functions allow the flexibility for handling a wide range of inputs and outputs, depending on the unit used. Audio input, routing and output is available for HDMI and (optional) SDI connections. An optional Audio module also allows audio delay and AES3-id compatibility to support the A2-7300 range of units.

Supports DVI and HDMI resolutions up to 1920x1200@60Hz, 3G-SDI (depending on unit), Composite Video, YC (S-Video), YUV/YPbPr, and HDCP on DVI/HDMI inputs and outputs.

The DVI input and outputs on the unit provide the extra flexibility of DVI-U functionality, this provides the same connectivity as a DVI-I connection but with the additional provision of Composite and YC video.

3.2 Device Features

General Topography

4:4: RGB / YUV sampling provides full bandwidth color which allows precise keying where included in the unit's capabilities. This can be achieved through the transparent (soft) keys on the front of the unit. Each unit's video inputs accommodate multiple video and computer signal formats and resolutions – see specifications at end of manual for full details.

Ultimate flexibility

The output signal format flexibility assures that the native resolution of virtually any display can be matched. Because of the resolution calculator (included in the CORIOtools Suite), even new resolutions can be added to the unit. Signal parameter adjustments can be made for each video input and are stored in individual non-volatile memories for retrieval once the unit's power has been removed. The video scaler units employ pixel adaptive motion compensation to deinterlace fast moving images, and automatic 3:2 pull-down efficiently de-interlaces video from 24 fps NTSC film.

Simple Control

The unit can be controlled in various ways. One option is to control it from the front panel using the keys on the front of the unit. It can also be controlled via RS-232/422/485 or via Ethernet using the CORIOtools Suite.

The CORIOtools Suite is available for download from our internet site and affords complete control of the unit.

Upgradeability

The unit also benefits from firmware upgradeability, thus reducing product obsolescence by allowing the installation of the latest version of firmware. This not only applies to the software used to control the unit, but also to the range of resolutions stored inside the unit, the addition of new features, and upgrades to the heart of the image processing hardware – the CORIO[®]2 scaling engine. See http://www.tvone.com/support for more detail.

4 PRODUCT IMAGES

Front panel of all units



C2-8110

6x DVI-U inputs, 2x DVI-U outputs, 1x Ref+loop



C2-8120

8x DVI-U inputs, 2x DVI-U outputs, 1x Ref+loop



C2-8130

12x DVI-U inputs, 2x DVI-U outputs, 1x Ref+loop



C2-8160

10x DVI-U inputs, 2x DVI-U outputs, 1x Ref+loop, Audio module



C2-8210

8x DVI-U inputs, 2x DVI-U outputs, 1x Ref+loop, 2x 3G-SDI inputs, 2x 3G-SDI outputs



C2-8260

6x DVI-U inputs, 2x DVI-U outputs, 1x Ref+loop, 2x 3G-SDI inputs, 2x 3G-SDI outputs, Audio module



5 UNPACKING AND INSTALLATION

5.1 Shipping Carton

Your unit will arrive double boxed for maximum protection during shipping. You are encouraged to retain both boxes and all packing material so the unit can be returned in the unlikely event that repairs should ever become necessary.

5.2 Important Safety Instructions

The AC power cable furnished with the unit should conform to the type in use in your country. Please compare the plug on your cable with the power socket where the unit will be installed.

If you did not receive the correct cable, **<u>DO NOT</u>** attempt to modify it. Instead, immediately contact your dealer or contact TV One at the sales office nearest to your geographic location and request the proper cable.

Installation should be made such that the system fans are not blocked by other pieces of equipment, and such that they may not be accidentally touched by users.

5.3 Initial Operation Check Using Factory Default Settings

This product can be operated via multiple methods, but for the purposes of initially acquainting you with the operation of the unit, this manual will address the operation using the Front Panel controls.

If you have problems using the unit as described below, see the 'Factory reset' description shortly afterwards.

By default, both DVI-U outputs will display a CORIO2 test image – a PC monitor can be connected to ensure that the unit is functioning properly. We'll be using a Personal Computer for a signal source and a PC monitor that can support 1024 x 768 @ 60Hz as this is the default output resolution.

Disconnect the cable going from a Personal Computer's Monitor to the Personal Computer. Connect the output from the PC video card (the PC connector formerly used by the monitor cable) to the input on the rear panel of the unit.

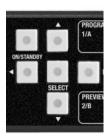
Next, take the cable from the PC monitor and connect it to the unit's output. Then connect the AC power cable to a working AC outlet, turn on the PC, monitor and then your unit.

Provided you have not changed anything from the Factory Defaults then your PC's image should appear on the display as normal.

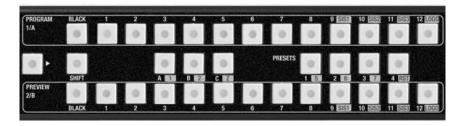
6 FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

The range of buttons on the front of the unit provides the user with quick access for selecting a variety of inputs and features.





The cross-hair (up/down/left/right) buttons on the front panel provides the user with a way of navigating the Liquid Crystal Display menus (LCD) which is detailed in a later section. Pressing and holding the ON/STANDBY button will place the unit into a low-power mode. A single press will turn it back on again.



The central area of buttons are dedicated to selecting the source for Program and Preview outputs (in Switcher mode), or for Windows A and B in Independent and Multi-PIP modes.

The SHIFT button can be pressed by itself, with the following button press then selecting a function shown in red with the yellow background.

Also available are buttons to select the Window currently being adjusted (A, B, C or Z) and the Output currently being adjusted (1 or 2). Their usage changes depending on the operating mode in use.

Buttons to store and recall Presets are also present – along with a RST button to reset the unit back to factory settings (although a firmware update is the best way to perform this).



The right-hand side is reserved for Window changes and the TAKE button (used in the Switcher mode only).

6.1 Button controls

The following table describes the button usage on your unit.

Button	Button Function
Menu navigation &	Up / down / left / right / SELECT allow quick and easy access
adjustment	to various menu settings. Press and hold SELECT to store
buttons.	current settings into memory. They will then be restored on
	power-on, or when a Restore is done. See next section for
	more information.
PROGRAM 1/A	Selects one of the (up to 12) input sources for display. In
Sources	Switcher mode, the Program output will transition to this input
	without the need for TAKE to be pressed. In other modes, it
	selects the source to use for Window A.
PROGRAM 2/B	Selects an input for display. In Switcher mode, it allows
Sources	viewing of the next source on the Preview output. In other
	modes, it selects the source to use for Window B.
Presets 1 to 7	Recalls a preset. These start off blank, but are available to
	the user. Hold the button in to store the current settings in
	that Preset. Hold for even longer to reset that Preset back to
	factory defaults.
KEY	Enables keying for currently selected window – see 'Adjust
	keyers' menu.
	(Key color defaults to black, so black foreground will
ZOOM	disappear.)
	Jumps to the 'Zoom' menu item.
FADE	Fades out the current image – fades back in on next press.
FREEZE	Freezes the currently selected window
ASPECT	Changes the aspect ratio of the currently selected window.
POS	Jumps to the Pan or Pos menu item to allow immediate
	panning or positioning of the image.
PIP	Activate picture-in-picture mode for the currently selected
0.77	window.
SIZE	Jumps to the 'Shrink' menu item to allow the current window
ONL/OTANIDE: (to be re-sized.
ON/STANDBY	Hold in to put the unit into Standby (power-save) mode.
	Press once to come out of Standby mode.

6.2 Special button combinations and functions

In addition to the ability to perform a factory reset and forcing certain output resolutions, other button combinations are available:

These button combinations only work when the unit is switched on and active i.e. with the STANDBY/ON LED is off. They will not work in Standby mode, or during power-up.

6.2.1 Saving current settings

Press and hold the SELECT button until a beep is heard and the unit shows 'Settings stored'.

6.2.2 Locking front panel buttons & IR remote control

This can be performed by pressing STANDBY/ON and FREEZE at the same time. All front panel buttons and IR remote control commands will be disabled, with the exception of repeating the above combination to un-lock the unit and for storing the current locked buttons setting (thus letting you make sure the unit always starts up with the buttons locked).

The STANDBY/ON button will flash when the unit's buttons are locked.

6.2.3 Restore power-on settings

This can be done (without having to turn off the unit) by pressing SHIFT-RST until a single beep is heard.

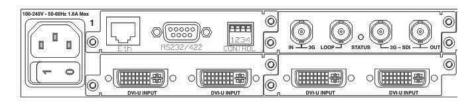
6.2.4 Factory Reset

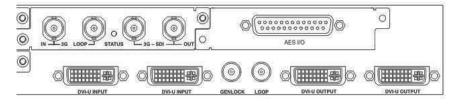
If you wish to restore all operational parameters to their original condition (for example, if saved settings prevent the unit from working with your display monitor), hold SHIFT-RST in together until two beeps are heard.

All stored settings except resolutions are lost when the unit is reset. A Firmware update is the only way to perform a complete factory reset (including resolution data)

7 VIDEO INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

The diagrams below show the left and right-hand halves of the rear panel of the C2-8260.





The inputs and outputs on your unit will vary depending on which product variant you have – see the product images section earlier in the manual for full details.

7.1 Input numbering

The following table shows the numbering of the sources at the rear of the unit:

							ı					
C2-8110												
32 3113	6	DVI-U	5	4	DVI-U	3	2	DVI-U	1	2	OUT	1
_				•								
										8	DVI-U	7
C2-8120	6	DVI-U	5	4	DVI-U	3	2	DVI-U	1	2	OUT	1
				12	DVI-U	11	10	DVI-U	9	8	DVI-U	7
C2-8130	6	DVI-U	5	4	DVI-U	3	2	DVI-U	1	2	OUT	1
				10	DVI-U	9	8	DVI-U	7	Δ	AUDIO I/O	0
C2-8160	6	DVI-U	5	4	DVI-U	3	2	DVI-U	1	2	OUT	1
				IN 10	SDI C	UT 2	IN 9	SDI O	UT 1	8	DVI-U	7
C2-8210	6	DVI-U	5	4	DVI-U	3	2	DVI-U	1	2	OUT	1
				1			I.					
				IN 8	SDI O	UT 2	IN 7	SDI O	UT 1	Δ	AUDIO I/O	D
C2-8260	6	DVI-U	5	4	DVI-U	3	2	DVI-U	1	2	OUT	1

7.2 Computer & Video inputs

The DVI-U inputs can accept:

- Digital DVI-D or HDMI signals
- Analog Composite Video
- Analog Y/C (S-Video)
- Analog RGBHV (separate syncs at TTL levels)
- Analog RGsB (sync on green)

- Analog RGBS (separate sync at TTL levels)
- Analog YUV/YPbPr (including tri-level)

For DVI-D, RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB and CV the particular input being used will be auto-detected.

For all signals except DVI-D, an adaptor cable is required for use. See 'Connector pin-outs' for more information.

CV and YC sources can be either standard NTSC, PAL or SECAM inputs – for example, from a video camera, VCR, DVD player, gaming device, etc. PAL and NTSC detection is automatic, SECAM must be selected in the 'Adjust sources' menu.

The DVI-D input accepts DVI digital connections (but on a DVI-I socket for added flexibility). An EDID signal is used to ensure that the PC or DVD player outputting the DVI signal knows the available range of resolutions in the unit.

To enable an input for HDMI usage, set the 'EDID to use' to [HDMI] in 'Adjust sources'. Once active, the DVI-U input will also accept audio via the HDMI link.

The table below shows how to select a particular input using the 'Adjust source' / 'Input type' menu:

Source	Connection	Input type setting
DVI-D	DVI-U	Auto / D-RGB
HDMI*	DVI-U	Auto / D-RGB / D-YUV
RGBHV / RGBS / RGsB	DVI-U	Auto / A-RGB
YPbPr / YUV	DVI-U	Auto / A-YUV
CV	DVI-U on 'Green'	Auto / A-CV
Y/C	DVI-U on 'Blue'/'Red'	A-YC

^{*}For HDMI, also set 'EDID to use' in 'Adjust sources' to [HDMI]

7.3 Computer & Video outputs

The DVI-U outputs can be:

- Digital DVI-D or HDMI signals
- Analog Composite Video
- Analog Y/C (S-Video)
- Analog RGBHV (separate syncs at TTL levels)
- Analog RGsB (sync on green)
- Analog RGBS (separate sync at TTL levels)
- Analog YUV/YPbPr (including tri-level)

When the output resolution (as set in 'Output res') is set to PAL or NTSC, then the DVI-U connectors will output the Composite Video and Y/C signals. For all other resolutions, the output type is set in the 'Adjust outputs' menu.

HDMI output is automatically enabled based on the display connected to the unit.

7.4 SDI inputs and outputs

These are present on the C2-8210 and C2-8260 only and are SD/HD/3G compliant.

The input will auto-detect the particular standard in use. The LOOP output will then output a copy of that signal (re-clocked).

The SDI output is active whenever the 'Output res' in 'Adjust outputs' is set to an SD/HD or 3G-SDI compatible resolution. Typically these are PAL, NTSC, 720p, 1080i and 1080p resolutions.

Each SDI output is duplicated onto 2x BNC connectors.

7.5 GENLOCK input

The Genlock input supports Composite Video (PAL or NTSC), along with tri-level HD signals (i.e. 480p, 720p, 1080i and 1080p).

You can enable locking to this reference source using the LOCK button on the front of the unit. The LOOP output is a buffered copy of the GENLOCK input, and remains active when the system is in Standby mode.

7.6 Audio

Any audio embedded into an HDMI or SDI source can be routed to any output. This is done in the 'Adjust outputs' menu.

The Audio module present on the C2-8160 and C2-8260 can support 8x AES3-id inputs and outputs, as well as provide an audio delay facility.

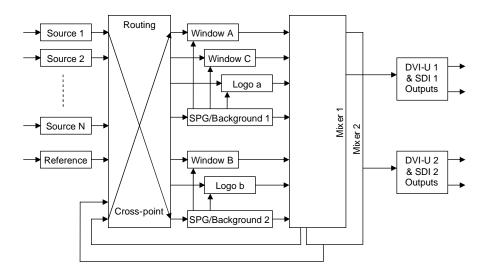
8 OPERATING MODES AND ARCHITECTURE

The C2-8000 range has 3 main operating modes, which should be selected first depending on the application the product is used for:

Mode	Operation	Application
Switcher	Output 1 becomes a Program output, showing	Seamless
	the transitions.	switching
	Output 2 becomes a Preview output, showing the	
	next source.	
	Window A and logo 'a' support transitions	
	including cross-dissolve.	
	Window B is used internally by the unit.	
	Window C is available for background or PIP	
	usage.	
Independent	Outputs 1 and 2 are completely independent.	Dual-channel
	Windows A and C, plus logo 'a' are available on	Edge-blending
	Output 1.	
	Window B and logo 'b' is available on Output 2.	
Multi PIP	Outputs 1 and 2 both show all 3 windows, plus	Multi-window
	logos 'a' and 'b'.	

All modes also support Lock&Mix abilities, where the output is fixed to match a source on DVI-U1 or DVI-U2 and the image from that source is shown as a background.

The diagram below shows the full architecture of the unit. Different operating modes enable or disable certain routing within the unit.

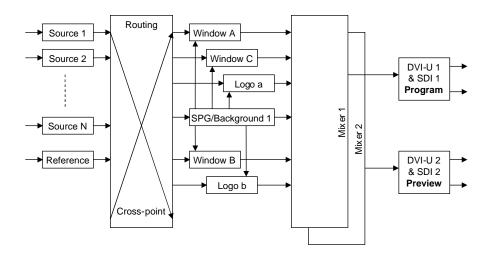


8.1 Switcher

In this mode Seamless Switching becomes possible with cross-dissolves and full preview of the next setup and source.

The user can change window source, size, position, logo, borders, etc. with a Preview of the setup, before pressing TAKE to then transition that setup to the Program output.

The following block diagram should help to explain the way that the unit works internally when in Switcher mode.



In the diagram above, the Preview output uses Window B (that is hidden from the user in the menu system) to show the next source and window size. On a transition, Window B is used to transition-in the new source before Window A shows it – thus allowing for a cross-dissolve to occur. Window C is shown on both outputs simultaneously.

Both outputs run at the same resolution.

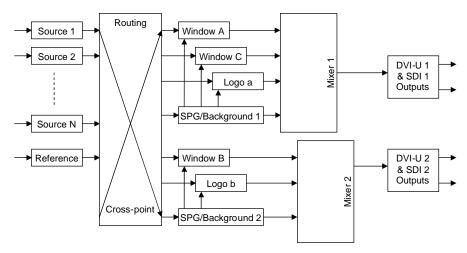
8.2 Independent

In this mode, the unit's 2 outputs (DVI-U1 / SDI1 and DVI-U2 / SDI2) are completely independent of each other. The 3 scaling windows are split across the 2 outputs, with Output 1 having windows A and C, and Output 2 having window B.

Windows can be re-sized, positioned, have their source changed, etc. on one output without affecting the other output.

Edge-blending across two projectors becomes possible by using each scaled window to zoom into a different part of the same source. Window C on Output 1 can then be used as a PIP.

The following block diagram should help to explain the way that the unit works internally when in Independent mode.



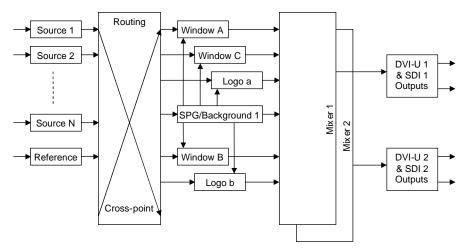
In the diagram above, the Windows are used for either Output 1 or 2, but never used on both. This allows the Sync Pulse Generators (SPGs) to run at different resolutions. Output 1 shows Windows A and C, whilst Output 2 shows Window B.

8.3 Multi-PIP

In this mode, both outputs share the same scaling windows and logo channels – although the keying and layering controls can be defined differently on both outputs.

With all 3 scaling windows present on both outputs, plus two logos, an optional Lock&Mix source and a background color, this mode gives 7 layers of video for the user to adjust.

The following block diagram should help to explain the way that the unit works internally when in Multi-PIP mode.



In the diagram above, all Windows are used for both Outputs 1 or 2, as both outputs are tied-together from the source sync source (and are thus always at the same resolution).

9 MENU LAYOUT AND SETTINGS ADJUSTMENT

From here on, we'll be looking at the menu structure employed and the individual menu items that allow you to take advantage of the power of the unit.

You'll be using the menu navigation buttons and the Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) to view the options and settings available to you. First press the left / right buttons to see where you are in the menu. Go into a sub menu by pressing the SELECT button once. To exit a sub-menu, scroll to the end of the sub-menu by pressing the right buttons to reveal Exit. Press SELECT to exit the sub menu.

You can also gain fast access to the start and end of a menu by clicking the up or down buttons.

You can edit a value in brackets '[]' by pressing the SELECT button once (you'll note that the brackets surrounding a particular parameter's value will begin to flash). Change the value by pressing left or right. Then finalize your adjustment by pressing the SELECT button once more.

A few menu items have multiple parameters within an individual menu selection. In those cases, you can adjust one item at a time. Change one value and then go left or right to the next.

Adjust windows H/V zoom pan % [10] 20

Or, you can use the up / down buttons to alter the value following the one in brackets. Therefore, in the example above, where "[10] 20" is displayed in a menu item, the one in brackets is adjusted using the left and right buttons, and the second number be can be altered using the up and down buttons.

Holding the left, right, up or down buttons for a short time will keep adjusting the relevant value, therefore allowing fast changes to a setting – which is very useful for positioning something on screen.

Holding the SELECT button in for a few seconds stores all changes in memory. Unless you intentionally change it again later, the adjustment will remain even after power is removed from the unit.

Menus are arranged so that a particular general function has a menu name on the top line and beneath that either a sub-menu or one or more related individual settings are displayed.

In some cases the functionality is global – meaning it has an effect on the unit as a whole (such as changing the output resolution). In the majority of cases, the function is related to a specific operational area of the unit, detailed by the text in the top line.

There are two screens that appear before the Group Menus (sub-menus) are accessed.



The first is the 'welcome' display shown above indicating the model of the unit. The C2-8000 series comprises of many different units and your particular model number will be showing in this menu.

www.tvone.com SW: 384 PT: 12 BT: 13

Moving to the next menu item displays the firmware information screen (the numbers on your unit will be different to those shown). The SW number refers to the version of firmware loaded into the unit, this can be upgraded from the support website.

The PT and BT numbers refer to Hardware version information and are of interest to the Technical Support Group should you ever need assistance.

At the end of all Group Menus will be an 'Exit' item. Simply select this to exit the existing menu structure and return to the previous one in the hierarchy.

9.1 Group Names and Descriptions

Menu Group Name	Group Description
Presets	Loads, Stores and Erases Presets
Adjust outputs	Controls output parameters and audio routing
Adjust windows	Controls characteristics of the windows
Adjust keyers	Controls the keying ability of the unit
Adjust logos	Controls the logo parameters
Adjust borders	Controls the borders for each window
Adjust sources	Controls signal source input parameters
Adjust transitions	Controls the method of transition when switching inputs
Adjust ethernet	Controls IP addresses and network parameters
Adjust resolutions	Controls unit's input/output resolution table
System	Controls global system parameters for the unit

Please note:

 That the 'Advanced menus' menu item must be 'On' to activate certain menu items.

9.2 Adjust presets menu item

Presets allow you to store up to 10 different setups of window size, position and keying controls. These are non-volatile and can be instantly recalled at a later time. They are only erased during a firmware update of the unit.

Presets only store and recall values in the Adjust outputs, Adjust windows, Adjust keyers, Adjust borders and Adjust logos menus (where your unit supports these). To store values present in the 'Adjust sources' menu, use the 'Push to Store' menu item found in 'System' or the special buttons on your unit.

Adjust preset
[1] Load Store Erase

Once you have set your unit up in the way you want it to be, simply select the Preset number you want to store the setup detail into, and select the 'Store' item.

At a later time, you can then recall the whole setup by again selecting the correct Preset number and clicking on the 'Load' item.

The 'Erase' item only erases the select Preset number – all other Presets are unaffected. Erasing a Preset returns all those settings to Factory Defaults.

Some units will have dedicated PRESET buttons, in which case:

- 1. Press and release to Load the Preset
- 2. Press and hold to Store the current settings to the Preset
- 3. Press and hold for much longer to Erase the Preset.

9.3 Items Associated with the Adjust outputs group

This menu group allows adjustments to be made that specifically affect the output of the unit, including output resolution and locking/overlaying onto a computer or video source.

800 x 600 60Hz Lock mode [Off] [RGB1]

This menu item allows the lock mode to be selected and the lock source to be defined. The top line of the display shows the current detected resolution of the selected lock source (RGB1 in this example). The lock mode can be either Off, Genlock or Lock & Mix, with the operation of these shown in the following table:

Lock mode	Description

Off	The output resolution of the Output is defined by the setting for Output Resolution and there will be no background source visible.
Genlock	The output video will be "Genlocked" to the selected lock source. The output signal will be synchronous to the input sync and adjustable but there will still be no lock source visible.
Lock & Mix	The output video will be locked to the selected source, the syncs will be locked (but with an additional internal video processing delay) and the background for the output will be that of the Lock source (unless foreground and background are swapped).
Frm.lock*	The frame rate of the output will be locked to the frame rate of the input. This can only work if the output resolution frame rate matches that of the lock source frame rate. 'Frm.lock' will flash until a highly stable lock has been achieved.

*Only certain models support this.

In both Genlock and Lock & Mix modes the source selected for the lock input determines the resolution of the output image. The output resolution for the entire image can be no different than the resolution of the lock source. All synchronization signals are re-generated within the unit so they may look slightly different when compared on an oscilloscope to the original source.

In Frame-lock mode, the output resolution is independent of the lock source, but the frame-rate must match that of the source (e.g. 1280x1024 60Hz can be frame-locked to 640x480 60Hz). Frame-lock is very useful for synchronizing a HD-SDI output (e.g. 1080i 59.94Hz) to a composite video source (e.g. NTSC), or for scaling one resolution to another while avoiding any potential frame-rate conversion artifacts.

'H/V shift' can be used to align the output to the input more accurately, but this may cause instability until the lock is re-acquired ('Frm.lock' will flash).

Before turning the Lock feature on, you first must select a valid Lock source. Some units may not have all Lock sources available, depending on hardware limitations – see Specifications for details of limitations on your unit.

If the Lock source you choose is not valid, then Genlock or Lock & Mix will be temporarily disabled, until the Lock source becomes valid again. When disabled, the resolution previously specified in 'Output res' becomes the output resolution.

1024 x 768 60Hz	
Output res.	[28]

Your unit can handle a very wide array of inputs and convert them all to a single output signal with defined characteristics. This output resolution will remain in place until changed or it may be overridden by the lock mode and source.

The top line of the display will show the current output resolution selected. Some units will have a limited number of output resolutions depending on their function (e.g. Down Converters are more limited than Video Scalers).

1024 x 768 60Hz HDCP (Active)

HDCP is handled only on certain units with DVI outputs, so this menu may not appear on your own unit. HDCP is a 'High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection' system, which can ensure that a high definition video signal cannot be received by units not equipped with a HDCP receiver.

This menu lets you see the current status of the output and whether HDCP is supported or active, and also lets you turn off the output's HDCP encryption system. Note, however, that turning HDCP off at the output will also prevent HDCP-encrypted signals from being received by the unit – see the table below.

By default, HDCP on the output is turned On - so that if your attached DVI display is HDCP-compliant, then your output will be encrypted (regardless of whether the input to the scaler is encrypted). Note that you don't have to attach a display to the output of the scaler – another unit can be connected instead, in which case that unit is known as a 'repeater'.

It is important to note that if your source is HDCP encrypted (for example, from a Blu-ray player) then you cannot output any un-encrypted signals that use this source (such as SDI, analog YPbPr, etc.). Only HDCP-encrypted DVI or HDMI can be output. Therefore if your source is encrypted then you must ensure that this HDCP setting is On and that your display is HDCP compatible.

Please also see the HDCP menu item in 'Adjust sources', as this controls availability of HDCP at the DVI input.

The status message given in brackets has the following meaning:

Status message	Description	Effect
No display	There is no display attached (HOTPLUG is low).	Nothing will be output on the DVI connector.
Unavailable	The device attached is not capable of supporting HDCP.	As the DVI output cannot be HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.
Supported	The device attached is capable of HDCP, but the output is not currently encrypted.	As the DVI output is not HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.
Active	The device attached is capable of HDCP, and the output from the unit is encrypted.	As the DVI output is HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source can be selected for scaling. Note that no other output connector (SDI, CV, YC, YUV or RGBHV) will function – since they are not encrypted.
Rep. supprt	The repeater unit (e.g. scaler) attached is capable of HDCP, but the output is not currently encrypted.	As the DVI output is not HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.
Rep. active	The repeater unit (e.g. scaler) attached is capable of HDCP, and the output from the unit is encrypted.	As the DVI output is HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source can be selected for scaling. Note that no other output connector (SDI, CV, YC, YUV or RGBHV) will function – since they are not encrypted.

Adjust outputs Output type	[RGBHV]
Adjust outputs Anlog= [RGBHV]	Dig= RGBHV

This menu may appear as either of the above – depending on whether the analog and digital outputs are controlled separately.

This menu item allows you to select the type of signal output your unit will provide. Types of output vary depending on the resolution selected and include various types of component signals YUV or tlYUV (tri-level YUV) and the full range of RGB type signals RGBHV, RGBS and RGsB (Sync on green).

Note that this value is remembered for each resolution – so you can set 1024x768 60Hz to RGBHV and 1280x720 60Hz to tlYUV and both will be remembered separately. This value is not affected by a Factory reset – but is reset by a firmware update.

Adjust outputs	
Optimize for SDI	[On]

This menu item is only available on certain units with an SDI output and when locking to a CV or YC input. An internal de-jitter circuit ensures that the SDI output has a low jitter over the full 10Hz to 100kHz range, even though the CV or YC input may have a high jitter. However, this is not always compatible with a CV/YC output where the colour sub-carrier should not be de-jittered and needs to follow a Lock

source's input – hence it should be turned Off it the CV/YC outputs are going to be used.

Adjust outputs Stand. [NTSC-M/PAL-BDGHI]

This menu item is only available when the Output resolution is set to PAL or NTSC. With this you can change the output type to the PAL or NTSC standard with the further option of changing the output to the additional PAL & NSTC standards such as PAL-M or PAL-N. SECAM is also available as an output on some units, provided the 'Output res' is set to PAL / 50Hz.

Adjust outputs Luma/chr BW [Med] / [Med]

This menu item is only available on certain units when the Output resolution is set to PAL or NTSC. With this you can change the output filtering system to increase or decrease the image sharpness. In general, high sharpness can result in increased colour disturbance

Adjust outputs Back Y/U/V [16] [128] [128]

Sets the value of the fixed background color, which is present when PIP is used with no Lock source background displayed. This menu item is only available for units with overlay, keying and fading abilities.

Adjust outputs
Audio emb. [On] [DVI-U1]

For certain units with HDMI and/or SDI-compatible inputs and outputs, the audio can be de-embedded from the video signal and sent to a compatible output.

'On' enables this to happen, and allows the audio source to be selected. 'WinA' sets the audio source to follow that of the main window's video source.

9.4 Items Associated with the Adjust windows group

This menu group allows adjustment to be made to window specific parameters such as the window source, its position, size and zoom level.

Window size adjustment can be performed in a number of different ways according to whether 'Aspect adjust' is set to Simple, Advanced or Pixel. The main part of this text assumes Simple mode – see later for a detailed description of the other modes.

Adjust windows
Window to adjust [A]

This menu item only appears on units with multiple windows or PIPs. It is used to select which one you want to modify. Alternatively, use one of the dedicated buttons on the front panel to choose the window to adjust.

NTSC / 60Hz Source [YC1]

The source display screen allows the input source for the currently selected window to be changed. The top line of the display shows the detected characteristics of the signal. Valid Input sources match those available on the front of the unit.

Certain units do not have full flexibility of Window source and Lock source when Genlock or Lock & Mix are active (in the Adjust outputs menu group). See the Specifications for your unit to see if any limitations are present.

Adjust windows Window enable [On]

Available on certain units only, this quickly enables or disables the window being adjusted.

Adjust windows Zoom level % [100]

Changing this option, sets the amount of picture magnification you wish to use for the window Source. You are provided with the options to zoom the image from 100% to 1000% (10x zoom).

Adjust windows H/V zoom pan % [50] [50]

Once an image has been 'zoomed', this control allows the image to be positioned within the window so that any portion can be seen, not just the middle.

Adjust windows Image freeze [Off]

This menu item allows the image to be frozen or unfrozen – thus keeping a single image on screen indefinitely. Note that images are not stored when power is removed from the unit.

Adjust windows H/V crop % [0] 0

This allows the scaled image to be cropped at the top/bottom edges, or at the sides. Typically, this is used when performing a picture-in-picture (PIP) function (only

available on certain models), where the incoming video signal has a letterbox or pillarbox size (i.e. it has black areas at the top/bottom or sides).

By adjusting the H/V values, you can crop out the black areas to correct the size on the final output screen. Note that it does not change the shape or aspect ratio of the image – but just removes the parts of the image that are not required.

Adjust windows
H/V out shift [0] [0]

This positions the selected Window horizontally and vertically on the monitor. This should only be used for 'fine tuning' and should not normally require adjustment – use the Shrink H/V adjustment when your image is less than 100% Shrink value.

Adjust windows Shrink level% [50] [On]

Shrink Level determines the percentage of the monitor's total available screen space that the selected Window image occupies. Adjustment is provided for a reduction down to 10% of the overall output size. In most cases, this feature is used for picture-in-picture (PIP) when a background image is being used (for units with overlay abilities).

Note that some units do not have the [On] entry – this is only for units with a PIP button on the front, with turns this entry On and Off. On these units, this feature is 'Off' by default, so that the full image size of 100% is used. Shrink level will need to be turned On before any change to this value has an effect.

Adjust windows H/V position % [100] [50]

This menu option determines the position of the shrunken image on the monitor screen. This will move an image that is less than the full screen size left/right or up/down within the monitor's available screen space. It will not let you move the image off the screen, so certain values will appear to have no effect (unless you use a very low Shrink value like 10%).

Adjust windows
Aspect change [Normal]

This item provides a simple way of changing the output screen aspect ratio, to suit the incoming video signal and final output display size. Use the zoom/shrink functions for occasions when the aspect ratio is an odd format.

Adjust windows Aspect adjust [Simple]

See later section for further details on this item.

Adjust windows	
Temporal interp.	[Off]

This is a feature only present in advanced units only. It greatly improves the method of frame-rate conversion, by allowing the unit to merge frames together during the process.

When 'Off', the unit will use frame-repetition when converting 50Hz to 60Hz (i.e. it has to duplicate every 5th frame), or frame-dropping when converting 60Hz to 50Hz (i.e. it has to drop every 6th frame). When 'On', smooth blending is applied so that frames are not lost, but blended together at the appropriate times.

Adjust windows Flicker Reduction [Low]
--

The Flicker Reduction menu item will only appear if you have selected a low resolution interlaced output such as PAL or NTSC. If you are using CV or YC outputs, this adjustment may be of interest, particularly when you have line drawings or similar fine detail. You can choose from four possible Flicker Reduction settings. You should use as little Flicker Reduction as possible because the Vertical detail will be softened at the highest setting.

Flicker mode	Function
Off	Disables flicker reduction (sharpest mode).
Low	Suitable for most input sources.
Med.	Enough for most situations such as thin line drawings
High	Highest amount of flicker reduction. Will cause loss of
	vertical detail in some images.

Adjust windows	
Image smoothing	[Auto]

Image smoothing reduces the jagged-edges sometimes seen within an output image by softening it. It typically improves the quality of a scaled image greatly. There are four possible settings for this adjustment: "Off", "Med.", "High", and "Auto". The "Auto" setting is generally thought to be most desirable and will vary the smoothing process according to the amount of zoom taking place.

Adjust windows Image flip	[Off]

Occasionally, it's necessary to cause the output image to be flipped Vertically, Horizontally or both – most commonly when a video projector is ceiling-mounted, or for special effects.

Adjust windows	
Show source label	[On]

Units that support source labeling have this menu item available, which allows the label to be turned on or off on a window-by-window basis.

Adjust windows	
Audio bars	[4]

Certain units can display audio bar measurements and this menu item displays how many stereo-bars are shown. A maximum of 4 stereo bars (8 bars in total, with left-right pairs next to each other) can be shown. Audio channels are always numbered from left to right, balanced to display bars on both sides of the each. A setting of 0 disables the audio bars from being shown.

Adjust windows	
Max fade level %	[100]

This Menu item fades the selected layer, and is only available on models with overlay abilities. Adjustment range is from solid to fully transparent.

Note: This menu item only appears on multi-channel scalers:

Adjust Windows	
Layer priority abABZ	[3]

This adjustment selects the order of the window layers. Layers are shown for 'a' and 'b' logo screens, Window 'A', Window 'B' and 'Z' is the Lock Source. The default condition is shown. The number shown is the current layer of the active window, when you adjust the layer number the layer stack indicator 'abABZ' will change to allow visualization of the layer stack. Note that layer 6 the Background Color is not shown as its layer position can not be altered – it will always be the background.

9.4.1 Extended scaling controls

The 'Aspect adjust' parameter is used to change the way that scaling of windows is controlled. By default it is set to 'Simple' which allows basic control of the window zoom and shrink sizes and positions – enough for simple tasks.

In 'Advanced' mode, it allows the horizontal (H) and vertical (V) components of the Zoom and Shrink functions to be adjusted independently, thus allowing custom aspect ratios to be created, or to convert from one aspect ratio to another.

In 'Pixel' mode, the user has direct access to pixel and line-accurate scaling functions. This lets the user specify the exact co-ordinates and size of the source image (within the video source), and the position and size of where this is placed in the output video signal.

The table below summarizes the different menu items in the different modes – the 'Simple' items have already been described earlier in this section, so only the 'Advanced' and 'Pixel' ones that are different (highlighted in bold) will be detailed here.

Simple	Advanced	Pixel
Zoom level % [100]	Zoom H/V [100]100 1.333:1	In [0],0 640,480
H/V zoom pan% [50] 50	H/V zoom pan% [50] 50	Out [0],0 640,480
H/V crop % [0] 0	H/V crop % [0] 0	
Shrink level % [50] Off	ShrnkH/V [50] 50 1.333:1	
H/V position % [50] 50	H/V position % [50] 50	

9.4.2 'Aspect adjust' = 'Advanced'

Adjust windows H/V zoom % [100] [100]1.333:1

This item allows the independent setting of the horizontal and vertical zoom values. The third number (1.333 in the example) is the Aspect Ratio resulting from the adjustments, which is automatically calculated for you based on the incoming resolution and the H & V Zoom values.

Most resolutions are 4:3 ratio, thus the third number will be 1.333 (4 divided by 3). Another common aspect ratio is 16:9 (16 divided by 9 = 1.777). PAL and NTSC inputs are physically 4:3 on your video monitor, but their actual pixel/line ratios are different and so will not display as 1.333.

Adjust windows Shrink H/V % [100] [100] 1.333

This item allows the setting of different Horizontal and Vertical 'shrink' sizes. The third number (1.333 in the example) is the Aspect Ratio resulting from the adjustments, which is automatically calculated for you based on the output resolution (the actual pixels & lines, not your physical screen size) and the H & V Shrink values.

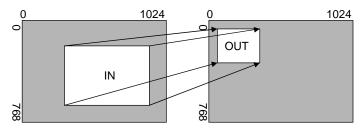
Most resolutions are 4:3 ratio, thus the third number will be 1.333 (4 divided by 3). Another common aspect ratio is 16:9 (16 divided by 9 = 1.777). Therefore, to convert your 4:3 output into a 16:9 output, reduce the vertical (V) Shrink value to 75% and this will simulate a 16:9 output. PAL and NTSC inputs are physically 4:3 on your video monitor, but their actual pixel/line ratios are different and so will not display as 1.333.

9.4.3 'Aspect adjust' = 'Pixel'

Adjus In	t window [300] ,	750,	400
Adjus Out	t window: [50] ,	250,	300

These menu items work together to specify the exact co-ordinates and size of the source image (within the video source) and the position and size of where this is placed in the output video signal – in other words the 'In' and 'Out' positions and sizes.

The diagram below should help to clarify the function of these values:



In the example above, 'In' has been set to 300,150 as its top-left source coordinate, with a size of 750,400. 'Out' has been set to 50,50 (i.e. close to the top left) with a size of 250,300.

The scaler will then ensure that the whole of the source (of size 750 by 400) is scaled to the required output (of size 250 x 300).

9.5 Items Associated with the Adjust keyers group

Please note that not all units have this sub-menu – it is only present on units with overlaying abilities.

Towards the end of this manual you will find a section titled 'COMMON OPERATIONS' – this gives a step-by-step guide to keying out a particular color.

Adjust keyers Keyer enable	[Off]
-------------------------------	-------

This menu item turns keying On or Off for the current foreground. A keyed image is in essence one image superimposed over another – such that portions of the top image are made transparent (keyed out), so that the background image can show through. The following settings allow you to vary the colour(s) that are keyed out.

Adjust keyers Swap fore/backgrnd [Off]
--

This menu item is only present on single-channel scalers – dual and quad-channel scalers have the layer priority set within the 'Adjust Windows' menu.

This menu item allows you to swap the foreground and background images when Lock mode is set to Lock & Mix. It will have no effect in any other mode (since no background is present).

Normally, your foreground is the input (window) source and your background is the lock source. This then allows you to superimpose any graphics or video input on top of the lock source by keying out a certain color or range of colors in the input source. Swapping them means that the input source moves to the background and the lock source is now in front of it. Thus you are now keying out the lock source colors to reveal the input source behind it.

Note that this is different to simply swapping over the input and lock sources as that would affect the final output resolution – see examples below:

Input	Lock	Swap	Foreground	Background	Output
source	source		(keyed)	(non-keyed)	resolution
XGA	NTSC	Off	XGA	NTSC	NTSC
XGA	NTSC	On	NTSC	XGA	NTSC
NTSC	XGA	Off	NTSC	XGA	XGA
NTSC	XGA	On	XGA	NTSC	XGA

(XGA is 1024x768)

You will see that the Swap between foreground and background has no effect on the output resolution as this is always set by the Lock source.

Adjust keyers Y Key min/max [0]

The Min/Max parameters are used to select what range of Y (luminance/grey-scale) values are made transparent within the selected window/lock source. In order to key out part of an image, start with the max value and increase it until the required lighter parts within the window/lock source disappear. Then adjust the min level to bring back any darker parts of the image.

Adjust keyers Y Key softness	[0]
•	

The Y Key softness option removes noise from the keyed image, generally at the edges. Adjust as required to make the edges of the key as sharp or as soft as desired. The noise is where the analog to digital process (A/D conversion) may not sample a 50% brightness as being exactly 50% i.e. sometimes 49% and sometimes 51%. Increasing the softness value will broaden the range of keyed colors so that the keying of images varies depending on how close a color is to the keyed-out range.

Adjust keyers	
Y Key invert	[Off]

The Y Key invert changes the keying characteristics with respect to what colors of the foreground image you wish to 'key out'.

Setting it to Off will cause the colour range that's defined to be removed - remove the desired colors. Setting it to On will cause the colour range that's defined to be kept - key out all other colors.

The descriptions above behave identically on the remaining U Key Invert & V Key Invert component versions. However they are directed at the U/B-Y (blue) colour component and V/R-Y (red) colour components respectively. Adjustment and effects are the same as explained above for Y Key Invert (brightness/grey-scale).

9.6 Edge Blend items within the Adjust keyers group

Please also see the section titled 'EDGE BLENDING SETUP' later in this manual.

Adjust keyers Edge blend	[None]
-----------------------------	--------

This menu item controls which of the 4 edges are blending into the background. In general, only the left or right are blending, but the unit allows you to control the edge blending for any number of edges.

If any edges are set (e.g. [L] for left) then Keying is no longer available and extra menu items will appear as follows:

Adjust keyers E.blnd guides [Off]

This menu item allows you change whether the red and green edge blending guides will appear. You can have them permanently Off, permanently On, or set to Auto (where they will only appear when you are in the Adjust keyers menu).

Adjust keyers E.blnd size	[50] x [50]

This controls the blend width and height respectively. Left and Right blend sizes are adjusted together by the first number, and Top and Bottom blend sizes are adjusted together by the second number.

Adjust keyers E.blnd gam. [1	.00] x [1.00]
---------------------------------	---------------

This controls the gamma for the blend width and height respectively. Left and Right blend gamma values are adjusted together by the first number, and Top and Bottom blend gamma values are adjusted together by the second number.

The gamma values affect the linearity of the blended edges, allowing for the fact that projectors do not normally output a picture whose brightness is directly proportional to the voltage within the video signal. These values are best adjusted once any overlapping images are aligned with each other

Adjust keyers
Eb comp cent/side [0] [0]

This controls a 'compensation' value that sets the minimum brightness of the centre and side areas during edge-blending. It is used to compensate for the fact that projectors cannot generally output a purely black signal – and hence the overlap area would normally be brighter as a result. Increasing the centre area's value will compensate for this.

For 2x2 (or higher) setups, the side value can also be adjusted to correct for corner brightness errors

9.7 Items Associated with the Adjust logos group

Logos are like miniature Testcards, for 'labeling' of a video channel. Logos are loaded into the unit via the Windows based control utility and once in the device they can be called up for insertion as required. Horizontal and Vertical Position plus Fade Level are all controlled using this menu group.

Adjust logos Logo to adjust [a]

Selects the Logo you wish to adjust.

Adjust logos Logo enable [On]

Allows a logo to be turned off, and not displayed on the output screen.

Adjust logos Logo number [1]

A fixed number of Logos can be stored in non-volatile memory for later recall. Use this setting to select the Logo to be displayed and adjusted.

Adjust logos H/V position % [10] [10]

This parameter controls the position of the logo within the window as a percentage of the total size of the screen – thus [50] [50] would place the logo in the centre.

Adjust logos Max fade level % [100]

This parameter controls how visible the Logo is to the viewer. A setting of 0 renders the Logo invisible whereas a setting of 100 makes the Logo fully visible. (Inbetween settings can give the Logo a transparent appearance.)

Adjust logos Layer priority abABZ [1]

This adjustment selects the order of the window layers with respect to one another. In the above menu, 'a' and 'b' are logos, 'A' is window A, 'B' is Window B and 'Z' is the Lock Source. The default condition is shown, with Logos a & b in front of Windows A & B, which are in turn in front of the Lock source Z.

9.8 Items Associated with the Adjust borders group

The adjust borders menu allows the border function of your unit to be enabled – with one border being available for each Window, Logo and Lock source.

Note that the layer priority of the Border is the same as the Window source that it is 'attached' to.

Adjust borders Border to adjust [A]

Select the window / logo / lock source you wish to adjust.

Adjust borders Border enable [On]

Allows a border to be turned off and not displayed on the output screen.

Adjust borders
Brdr size H/V [8] x [8]

This adjustment allows the height and width of the border to be changed it can be up to 255 pixels thick.

Adjust borders
Brdr offset H/V [0] x [0]

This allows the border to be offset from the window. A typical application is the creation of a drop shadow effect. For example this can be achieved by setting the border size to 0 and then adjusting the H and V offset to 10 pixels.

Adjust borders Brdr Y/U/V [16] [128] [128]

The color of the border can be changed to any color by adjusting the Y, U and V parameters. Y is the luminance, with U and V altering the blue and red content respectively. E.g. increase both U and V to give a purple colour, or decrease both to give a green colour.

Adjust borders Brdr opacity % [100]

This parameter controls how visible the border is to the viewer. A setting of 0 renders the border invisible (transparent) whereas a setting of 100 makes the Logo fully visible. (In-between settings can give the Border a transparent appearance.)

9.9 Items Associated with the Adjust sources group

The 'Adjust Sources' menu group accesses the parameters associated with the processing amplifiers used for each input (RGB, CV, YC, etc.). They allow you to fine-tune an incoming signal to optimize its color, brightness or even sharpness.

Not all settings are available for all input types, and not all input types listed here may be available on your unit. Also note that many of these adjustments may not show without 'Advanced menus' set to On.

It is recommended that you Store your settings once you're happy with them in readiness for future use.

Source: RGB1 Source to adj [RGB1]

This menu item selects the input connection for which you want to make adjustments to. As in the image above, changes will only be made to the source connected to RGB1. Once the selection has been made, all changes made using the following operating parameters will only apply to the selected input.

Selection of a CV/YC source will reveal different menu items that allow adjustments beyond those used for RGB sources. The menu discussions that follow relate first to RGB sources, then to CV / YC type sources.

9.9.1 Menu items common to all inputs

Source: RGB1 Aspect correct [Fill]

This menu item will be used to correct the aspect ratio of the video source when converted into the final output resolution. The following table details what happens in the available modes:

Setting	Result
Fill	The source is stretched to fill the output.
(default)	
Aspect	The source's aspect ratio is maintained on the output.
H-fit	The source is stretched to fill the horizontal dimension of the output, with the vertical dimension stretched by the same amount (and possibly clipped).
V-fit	The source is stretched to fill the vertical dimension of the output, with the horizontal dimension stretched by the same amount (and possibly clipped).
1:1	Each source pixel is represented by a single output pixel – no scaling will be performed. If the input resolution is higher than the output, then only part of the source will be seen. If the input resolution is lower than the output, then a black border will be present.

Source: RGB1	
TL pos. adj.	[0][0]

This menu item allows manual positioning of the Top and Left portion of the image. It is used to ensure that the input signal is captured correctly, eliminating any black borders. These settings are often used to correct the position of a PC signal on an input, or to eliminate any undesired noise at the top or bottom of a PAL or NTSC video source.

Source: RGB1 BR size adj.	[0][0]

This menu item allows manual positioning of the Bottom and Right portion of the image. These settings are often used to correct the position of a PC signal on an input, or to eliminate any undesired noise at the top or bottom of a PAL or NTSC video source.

Source: RGB1	
Audio input source	[1]

If your unit has an internal audio switcher / selector, this menu item selects the desired Audio input for use with the active video source, allowing an audio-follow-video function.

Source: RGB1		
OPTION audio source	[1]

If an external audio switcher is connected via the OPTION bus, then this menu item selects the desired Audio input for use with the active video source, allowing an audio-follow-video function.

In most situations, the Audio input values would be different for each video source – so that when the first video source is selected, so is the first audio source (this is called 'audio follow video'). The second video source then selects the second audio source, etc. However, there is nothing to prevent all Audio input values being set to the same value, for 'audio breakaway'.

Source: RGB1 Audio Vol [1] Bal [0]

This menu item adjusts the audio volume and balance for the selected audio channel. This is only functional for certain units when an optional Audio Switcher is attached.

Source: RGB1 On source loss [Blue]

(This has replaced 'De-glitch' used on previous firmware versions.)
This option is used to tell the unit what to do if the video source is lost or becomes unstable. Options are:

Option	Description
Show	Shows all picture break-up and instabilities.
Freeze	Freezes the latest frame – un-freezes as soon as the
	source becomes stable again.
Blue (default)	Turns the window blue, to represent source loss.
Black	Turns the window black.
Remove	Removes the window, thus showing any background
	(e.g. a Lock source). This is useful for MIX & PIP
	scenarios on units with overlay abilities.

If you have a very unstable input, such as a video tape player with a poor (jumping) output signal, you may wish to turn the setting to 'Show'.

Source : RGB1 De-int [M.comp med]

An interlaced input consists of two fields separated in time. Both fields are required in order to make up the full resolution input image, but since they are sent one after the other, a moving image will have "motion artifacts" if the two fields are simply combined together. The most common artifact is a blurring at the point of maximum movement within an image. Your unit provides some tools to minimize the effects of de-interlacing of an image.

The following options are available for this menu item:

Mode	Function
Normal/weave	The two interlaced fields are simply combined/weaved
	together. This will often show artifacts on moving images,
	but can be used when the input is known to be still.
Auto	Automatically selects Film 3:2 or Medium Range Motion
	Compensation (M. Comp Med.) depending on whether Film
	Mode is detected or not.
Film 3:2	Enables 3:2 pull down conversion of the incoming NTSC
	video. (This option should not be used if the source is not
	NTSC video).
M. Comp Low	Enables Pixel Adaptive Motion Compensation. Three levels
M. Comp Med.	are available with 'Low' providing the least compensation
M. Comp High	for Motion and 'High' providing the most compensation.
Frame/bob	The two fields are shown consecutively.

Source : RGB1	
Diagonal interp.	[Off]

This menu item allows the user to specify whether the source has diagonal interpolation applied to it when de-interlacing occurs. This reduces 'jagged' artifacts on moving images, however is not suitable for noisy sources where the noise could be mis-interpreted as a diagonal or sloping element of the picture.

This menu item allows the user to specify whether the source has noise reduction applied to it. This is performed by averaging the video signal over a number of fields – but ignoring areas where motion has occurred. If motion blurring is seen, it is recommended to turn this setting off.

9.9.2 DVI Source Menu Items

Source: DVI1		
HDCP	[Inactive]	[Off]

HDCP is supported on certain units only - and only on the DVI input connector. This menu item lets you change whether HDCP is active on this particular DVI input.

If turned 'Off', then a source that requires HDCP encryption will not send a video signal to your unit.

If turned 'On', and a HDCP-compliant display or device is attached to your unit's DVI output, then HDCP encrypted sources can be used.

The following table summarizes the message given in brackets:

Status message	Description	Effect
Inactive	HDCP is not active at the DVI connector.	HDCP-encrypted material cannot be received by the unit.
Active	HDCP is active at the DVI connector.	HDCP-encrypted material can be received by the unit, but only if a HDCP-compliant display or device is attached to the unit's output.

See 'Adjust outputs' for a description of how the HDCP system works on your scaler.

Source: DVI1	
Display emul. EDID	[DVI]

This feature is only present on certain units – it is used with the next menu item to form a simple 'EDID Manager'.

EDID is an information packet retrieved by a PC graphic card over a DVI link from a monitor which tells the graphic card which resolutions the display supports. In the case of your unit, it tells the graphic card what resolutions are compatible with it – by emulating a display.

The above menu lets the user select which of 8 EDID data blocks are 'shown' to a PC or other DVI/HDMI source. (It does not affect any other input.) Note that some graphic cards will usually only read the EDID data when the cable is first connected, or on power-up.

The 8 EDID blocks are as follows:

EDID	Usage
Mem1	
Mem2	
Mem3	User-definable – see 'EDID capture'
Mem4	
Mem5	
Mem6*	
HDMI*	Default HDMI EDID data for your unit
DVI	Default DVI EDID data for your unit
Mon	The attached monitor's EDID data

^{*}Your unit will have either Mem6 or HDMI, but not both.

If you change this value, you'll need to store your settings and then re-boot the CORIO2 unit at least once to ensure that the source sees that the EDID data has changed.

It should also be noted that some graphic cards will require your PC to be re-booted before they see that a change has occurred.

If your unit allows 'HDMI' to be selected, this can also enable certain audio features depending on the abilities of your unit.

Source: DVI1 EDID capture [1] Grab

This menu provides a simple way of capturing EDID data from an attached DVI or HDMI monitor and storing it in one of the user-definable EDID memory data blocks (Mem1 to Mem6) – see previous menu.

To capture a different display's EDID, perform the following:

- 1. Connect that display to the DVI output of the CORIO2 unit the CORIO2 unit will then read it automatically and store it in the 'Mon' EDID entry.
- 2. Select which EDID memory (Mem1 to Mem6) to copy this information to.
- 3. Select 'Grab' and click on it this will copy the current monitor's information to that EDID memory.
- 4. Change 'EDID to use' to that memory location (Mem1 to Mem6).
- 5. Store your unit's settings (see earlier in this manual on how to do this).
- Re-boot (turn off and on again) the CORIO2 unit to ensure that the graphic card uses this new EDID data (you may need to re-boot your computer as well).

Using the above, up to 6 custom EDID settings can be stored in the CORIO2 unit, ready for recall later. This is useful to simulate another display being attached to a graphic card.

9.9.3 RGB Source Menu Items

Source: RGB1 Autoset status [Inactive]

Once the Autoset sense setting has been made, this menu item is accessed and activated. The Autoset sense utility will then correct the pixel phase and then position the Top Left portion of the image and the Bottom Right portion of the image. Once complete it then resume inactive status.

Source: RGB1 Input pixel phase [16]

Since an image pixel is a very small element of the total image, it's possible for your unit's Analog to Digital converters to wrongly sample the picture on the edge of each pixel thereby losing image resolution and creating image noise. The Input

pixel phase adjustment allows you to change the position (from 0 to 31) where the pixels are sampled, relative to the horizontal sync signal.

To make this adjustment, select an RGB source and then provide an image from that source with fine detail, preferably with very sharp vertical lines. Adjust this value until you see the sharpest image. Alternately, adjust this value to give the worst (noisiest/softest) image, and then add or subtract 16 to get the optimum value.

Note that the AUTOSET function (for RGB inputs only) will attempt to automatically work out the best value for this setting.

Source: RGB1 RGB input type [RGBHV]

There are several types of signals that are called RGB signals as a generic term. Each has slightly different characteristics that set it apart from similar RGB signals – such as how the synchronization signal is sent. This menu item lets you set the input type to use.

Available options let you select whether the input is standard RGB or YUV (including YPbPr signals with a tri-level sync). For some units, it also allows selection of break-out BNC connectors to be used instead of the normal connector (signified by B- in front of the signal type).

Source: RGB1

RGB contr. [100] [100] [100]

This menu item lets you adjust the individual RGB or YUV/YPbPr signals, in case one component is at a different contrast to other, or if they all need to be boosted or lowered.

9.9.4 CV & YC Source Menu Items

Of the above Source Menu items, the Autoset sense and Autoset status functions, RGB type and Pixel phase are specific to RGB signals only. The rest of the Source menu items function with RGB, CV or YC type signals. In addition, there are four additional Menu items that are only used with CV or YC type signals and these are explained below:

Source: YC1

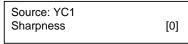
Bright [100] Contrast [100]

Adjust the Brightness and Contrast of the image to your requirement.

Source: YC1 Satur [100]

Hue [0]

Saturation is the amount of color present in the image. Hue is the color "tint" parameter and the adjustment range is +90 degrees through to -90 degrees with 0 being the default.



Within limits, you can enhance or soften the appearance of detail within an image. The Sharpness values go both negative and positive, with 0 being the default. Note that over-enhancing an image has the side effect of making it appear to be noisy and under-enhancing an image gives the appearance of poor video quality.



On occasion, a video source will have the color portion of the signal offset from the luminance portion. If you've ever seen a poor quality comic book that has the outline of the cartoon character's head in one place on the page but the flesh tones for the head offset slightly, you are seeing the print equivalent of Luminance to Chrominance Phase Delay.

Fortunately, your unit provides a way for you to make the two signals occur at the same time on the selected image. The adjustment range provides both positive and negative levels of delay with 0 being the default.

9.9.5 Still Image Store / Testcard Source Menu Items



This item is only available for units supporting Still Image Stores (SIS) or Testcards (TC) – which are the same thing, but may be named differently depending on your unit.

Used to select the image from memory to use as a source for the SIS / TC source currently selected. Dedicated software can be used to upload user-defined images – see our website.

9.10 Items associated with the Adjust transitions group

Please note that not all units have this sub-menu – it is only available on some units with overlay and keying abilities.

Transitions control how your unit responds when a source is changed. Fades between sources, as well as wipes and cuts, are possible. The amount of time taken by a transition is controllable from instant transition (a 'cut') to several minutes.

Adjust transitions
Transition [Fade]

This first adjustment controls the type of transition desired: 'Cut', 'Fade', 'Wipe' or 'Push'.

If you select 'Cut' or 'Fade', the only remaining menu items will be 'Switching Fade Time' and 'Exit'. Selecting 'Wipe' or 'Push' exposes additional parameters.

Adjust transitions
Switching fade time [.5]

This parameter controls how long a transition from one input to another takes. The value can be 0 (a cut) or several minutes - adjustable in 1/10th second increments.

Adjust transitions
Wipe type [Left -> Right]

If you selected 'Wipe' or 'Push' for the transition type, then you will be able to specify the 'movement direction' of the transition that you want. Both 'Wipe' and 'Push' support: Left to Right, Right to Left, Up/Down (Top to Bottom), Down/Up (Bottom to Top). 'Wipe' also supports: Diagonal and Diamond effect.

Adjust transitions
Wipe size [100]

Wipe Size sets the 'granularity' of the 'Wipe' effect and so is only shown when 'Wipe' is the transition type. The smaller the number, the more elements there are to the wipe. To clarify by example, if you select the Diamond wipe effect and set a small number into the Wipe Size parameter, you will have a large number of Diamonds present in the transition. On the other hand, a large number loaded into the parameter will result in only one or two diamonds being present during the transition.

9.11 Items associated with the Adjust ethernet group

(Please note that not all units have this sub-menu.)

Your unit can be remotely controlled via its RS-232 serial port, but some units can also be controlled via a Local Area Network using the Ethernet connector. This provides TCP/IP communications to and from the unit using a custom protocol.

In most networks, all computers and other electronic equipment will have a dedicated connection to a network hub or switch, with each item having its own 'IP address' (Internet Protocol address). This is the unique set of numbers that identifies the item on the network.

The network itself is usually segmented into a number of sub-networks. Small offices will generally just use one sub-network, with larger ones running many sub-networks that are linked together across a sub-network bridge. Sub-networks are split up by assigning different ranges of IP addresses to the different sub-networks. The ranges are defined by the 'sub-net mask'.

In very simple setups with 2 pieces of equipment (e.g. a computer and one other piece of equipment), it is possible to link the two together using just a cable (which must be a cross-over cable). However, this setup is rare.

Where only a single sub-network exists (as in the majority of cases) it is vital that:

- 1. All equipment has different IP addresses.
- 2. All IP addresses are part of the same sub-net.
- 3. All equipment has the same sub-net mask.

In most situations the computer will already be attached to a network, and therefore its IP address and sub-net mask will be easily accessible (e.g. in Windows XP you can right-click on the network activity icon to see the Support status, or check the Network Connections in the Control Panel and right-click the 'Local Area Connection').

An IP Address then needs to be assigned to your unit. Typically this will be by changing the last of the 4 values (that are separated by dots) to one that is not yet in use. The 'IP add' menu item is used to enter this into your unit.

The sub-network's 'sub-net mask' then needs to be copied to the 'IP sub' menu item listed below.

For simple setups (where only a single sub-network is in use), there is no need to change the IP gtwy (gateway) numbers.

Adjust ethernet	
IP enabled	[Auto]

This parameter has three possible states: On, Off and Auto. On and off manually control the Ethernet capability of the unit. When in Auto mode, if a valid Ethernet connection is present, remote control of the unit will automatically default to Ethernet and control via RS-232 is disabled whilst that connection is maintained.

Adjust etherr	net			
IP add.	[10]	1	2	123

Enter 4 numbers one by one to form the IP address you wish to assign to the unit. The IP address is a series of four numbers between 0 and 255. Anything above 255 is not a valid number in an IP address range. The unit will not allow you to go above 255.

The IP address must be a unique address on your network, and also must be within the sub-net of your network. If you are unsure about which IP address to use or don't have a unique IP address, ask your Network Administrator.

Adjust ethernet

IP sub. 255.255. [255.000]

Adjust the last 2 numbers to set the sub-net address (also know as sub-net mask) of your network. Again, if in doubt ask your Network Administrator.

Adjust ethernet

IP gtwy. [10] 1 2 123

Enter your network's gateway IP address into this menu item. Again, if in doubt ask your Network Administrator. In general, the gateway only needs setting if the unit is being controlled from a different network (e.g. via the internet).

Adjust ethernet

IP port [10001]

Enter the IP port number you wish the unit to communicate on. Keep a note of this as it will be needed when using other devices to communicate with the unit e.g. CC-300.

1A Adjust Ethernet

Set new IP data & reboot

Certain units require a re-boot once the new IP address has been entered. Once activated, all current settings (including other menu items) will be saved and the unit will re-boot. If you do not see this menu item, then your unit has already implemented your changes and no re-boot is required.

9.12 Items associated with the Adjust resolutions group



The Adjust Resolutions Menu Group only appears when the Advanced Menus function is turned on within the System Menu Group. To turn it on, go to the System Menu Group and then proceed to the item that says "Advanced Menus". Turn the

function 'On". exit the Systems menu and return to this menu structure.

The Resolution Database is used by your unit to identify any incoming video signal and is also used to create an output resolution. It is therefore a very important part of the unit's infrastructure.

Important Cautionary Information

DO NOT ADJUST THESE ITEMS UNLESS YOU'RE CERTAIN YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE DOING! THE ONLY METHOD TO UNDO CERTAIN CHANGES IS TO UPDATE THE FIRMWARE.

TRY USING THE AUTOSET, SHRINK, SHRINK POS, TL & BR ADJUSTMENTS FIRST.

Making adjustments here risks creating a non-standard resolution that is not displayable on a monitor. The resolutions and values within the database are industry standards and should not normally be altered by the user. That said, there might be times when it is necessary to create a custom resolution with specific parameters. If circumstances require you to make such a change, please read the following specific notes:

- 1. Any changes made to this database take effect instantly and are also stored immediately in non-volatile memory.
- Since this database is used for both input and output image processing, altering a resolution that is used for both (e.g. 1024x768 input and 1024x768 output) may give undesired effects.

800 x 600 60 Hz Image to adjust [17]

Change the value to select resolution you want to alter.



Typically, the image number currently being used for input or output would be already be selected otherwise immediate feedback to your changes will not be available via your monitor.

800 x 600 60 Hz Interlaced [Off]

This adjustment specifies whether the image is interlaced or progressive scan. It toggles simply On or Off, so there are no flashing brackets.

800 x 600 60 Hz H.freq.crse [37.879] kHz

Course Frequency Adjust

The H freq.crse (Horizontal Sync Frequency - Course) adjustment provides the option for changing the Horizontal Sync timing Frequency in 100 Hz steps.

800 x 600 60 Hz H.freq.fine [37.879] kHz

Fine Frequency Adjust

The H.freq.fine (Horizontal Sync Frequency) adjustment provides the option for changing the Horizontal Sync timing Frequency in 1 Hz steps. Use this option to fine tune after using the course adjust.

Please note that the internal sync generator may be unable to generate the exact frequency you want.

800 x 600 60 Hz Clks/l [1056] = 40.000MHz

This option changes the total number of image pixels on one line of monitor video including the Horizontal sync pulse and blanking time. This is normally in a multiple of 8. It is very important to get this value correct, or many digital display devices, such as TFT monitors, will display an image with an odd moiré effect – such as soft vertical bands spread evenly across the image.

800 x 600 60 Hz Lines/f [628] = 60.317 Hz

This menu controls the total number of lines of video present in the image which includes the vertical Sync pulse, the blanking period and the active video. Changing this option affects the final vertical sync frequency.

800 x 600 60 Hz H/V active [800] x 600

A video frame includes both the active area, the portion of the image normally containing useful visual information, and a resolution value for a given display standard which only expresses the number of pixels visible in an image. The well-known 800 x 600 computer resolution standard simply means that there are 800 pixels/line visible horizontally and there are 600 lines visible vertically.

This item provides a way to change the number of active pixels and lines.

800 x 600 60 Hz H/V Start [88] x 23

There is a period of time between the end of the Horizontal Sync pulse and the start of Active Video. This portion of the waveform signal is called the "Back Porch", a term originating with the television broadcasting industry and its RS-170A specification. In practice, this will control where the video image starts on the left side of the monitor without changing the width of the sync pulse itself (another way to control where the image area starts). The two parameters control where the back porch is positioned and they interact to a degree.

By adjusting these parameters, you control the start of the back porch (with respect to the trailing edge of Horizontal Sync) and also its width. The place where the Back Porch begins with respect to the Horizontal Sync pulse and the width of the Back Porch have a direct bearing on where the active (visible) portion of the image begins. Do not attempt this adjustment without monitoring the results with an oscilloscope.

800 x 600 60 Hz H/V Sync [128] x 4

There are standards for all current computer and broadcast resolutions that specify the correct width of both Vertical and Horizontal synchronizing pulses. If you are creating a special, non-standard resolution, you may wish to adjust the pulse width to fit your new requirements. The H/V Sync screen is where that is accomplished.

Like the H/V Start adjustment, you must use an oscilloscope when making these adjustments so that you know exactly how many milliseconds or microseconds of pulse width you have created. The numbers shown are relative numbers and not an actual time measurement.

800 x 600 60 Hz Sync polarity [+H+V]

Sync can be either negative polarity or positive polarity. To further complicate things, it is possible that you may want to make the Horizontal Sync polarity different from the Vertical Polarity. This control allows you to make that change. You have four possible selections:

- +H+V
- -H+V
- +H-V
- -H-V

9.13 Items Associated with the System group

The final Sub Menu is for adjustments of System parameters. The "System" in this case means the unit's functions that are generally unrelated to individual inputs, outputs or any of the various production features.

System SW: 16, PT: 12, BT: 13

This screen is an informational screen. Should you require technical assistance with your unit, the technical support personnel may request that you read the contents of this screen to them during the support call.

The first section, "SW", is the version of the software that is installed on your unit. You can update software via the User Support web site (procedure to be described later in this manual) and the updates are currently free of charge. "PT" refers to Product Type and "BT" means Board Type. Both of these are hardware designators and cannot be changed by the user however both designators are important to support personnel.

System SW date: 2006-7-11

This is an information page showing when the currently installed software was released. The information is useful to the user as he or she compares the date to the website information describing the current software release.

Normally, the user will examine the added features of each new software release and determine if an update is worth doing in their particular operation. The greater period of time between the current date, and the date shown for the currently installed software, the greater the likelihood that there are useful changes and improvements present in the new release.

The TAC number is a unique identifier for the unit and is for use with the PPF value below.

System PPF# 1A-67-2B-9D-50-4F

The PPF number is for units that support the 'Pay Per Feature' system. Extra features in the unit (such as Mix and Key) may be activated using this menu tiem by entering in the correct numbers and re-starting the unit.

System Push to store

This screen provides a quick and easy way to store all current operating parameters. The unit will remember the set up you are currently using at the time of data storage and also when you next apply power. To store the current settings, press and release the control button.

System
Autoset sense [Medium]

In order for Autoset to work properly, it needs a sufficiently bright full-screen image to examine. The sense level lets you change the brightness threshold for detection of the screen edge between Low, Medium, High and V.high. Medium is the default level, which is recommended for normal use (Windows-type images, etc.)

System
OSD on power up [On]

This parameter controls whether the 'welcome' screen is displayed or not on power up for units with an on-screen display – it can be disabled as required. This is useful when a unit is installed as part of an overall system.

System LED brightness % [90]

This parameter is available on certain units and controls how bright the LEDs on the front panel appear.

System LCD backlight [On]

This parameter is available on certain units and allows the LCD backlight to be turned on and off.

System LCD contrast [200]

This parameter is available on certain units and allows the LCD contrast (viewing angle) to be altered.

System LED brightness % [90]

This parameter is available on certain units and controls how bright the LEDs on the front panel appear.

System
Serial type [RS-232]

This menu item controls the type of serial port in use on certain units (not all units support this feature). Options available are RS-232, RS-422 and RS-485. The default is RS-232.

System RS232 baud rate [57600]

This menu item allows the adjustment of the serial baud rate used for RS-232 communications. The rate can be adjusted to 9600, 19200, 28800, 33600, 38800, 57600 and 115200. (This adjustment is provided for those instances where you wish to use the RS-232 control system for your own purposes.) The default baud rate is 57600.

System Buzzer [On]

The screen labeled 'Buzzer' is actually the control for turning the "Beep" "On" or "Off". Normally this is left in the "On" position to provide positive feedback that your data entries and parameter changes have been accepted.

System CC-300 A/B bus mode [Off]

This menu item changes the function of an attached CC-300 CORIOconsole unit. When set to 'On' any 'Take' will result in the A & B windows ('buses') being swapped at the end of the Take – so that another 'Take' will put them back to as they were before. (Note that not all units support the CC-300.)

System Resolutions 88

This screen is an informational screen showing the total number of the defined resolutions in the resolution database. Future firmware releases may increase the total number of resolutions defined in the database.

System Logos / T-cards 1 / 4

If your units supports Logos or Still Images / Testcards then this screen will display how many are present in the memory of the units.

System
Power cycles 41

Power Cycles refers to how many times the unit has been powered since it left the factory. This is an informational screen. No action is taken regardless of the value shown here, however some users have an equipment cleaning or specification audit procedure and this information may be useful to those users.

System Firmware updates 11

Indicates the total number of times the firmware has been changed over the life of the unit. It is quite possible for this to be more than 1, as a unit undergoes numerous tests during production.

System	
Hours in Use	877

This is another informational display for usage audit purposes.

System					
Temp.C	30	33	43	45	

Certain units have built-in temperature sensors, and if yours has such a feature then the above menu item will appear. If the ambient temperature of the internal components becomes excessively high or low, the unit will shut down to prevent harm. This display shows the current value of the ambient temperature at four locations within the case and can be an early predictor of a shutdown before the shutdown actually occurs.

Should you experience problems with your unit, Technical Support may request that you give details of these values.

System	
Fan speed (rpm)	6000

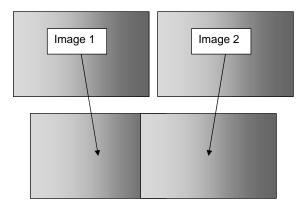
Certain units have built-in fans to keep the unit cool. The fan speed is monitored and if it deviates from normal parameters too much, this will be taken as an indication of insufficient airflow over critical components and shutdown action will be taken.

10 EDGE-BLENDING SETUP

10.1 Introduction

Edge-blending is a method whereby two or more video/data projectors are used together with part of their images overlapping, thereby creating a wider (or taller) display more suitable for showing wide-screen video images. The term edgeblending relates to the fact that the overlap needs to be carefully handled to prevent the overlap causing image brightness problems.

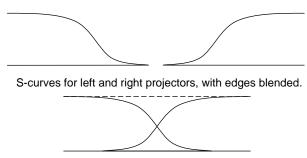
This guide is intended to summarise how to setup such projectors when used with a suitable number of TV One's CORIO®2 scaling engines. The C2-7000 and C2-8000 series are dual processors and therefore require only a single unit to perform both tasks, whereas other units will generally require two units to be used together, with a distribution amplifier on the input so that both units receive an identical video source.



Basic method of overlapping two projection images to create a larger one.

Because the two overlapping areas will create a brighter than normal image, 'blending' is performed on the edges to allow seamless merging of the images together. The 'blend' is basically an S-shaped curve that is applied to gradually reduce the brightness of the image at the edge, so that they can overlap properly:





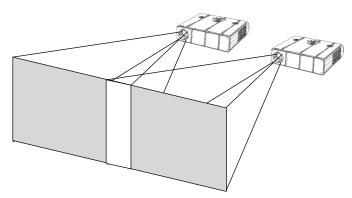
S-curves, when properly overlapping, will add together to result in full brightness.

10.2 Edge-blending requirements

To obtain the best edge-blending results, you will need:

- 1. A perfectly flat projection screen. This is vital, or it will not be possible to perfectly align your two projected images with each other.
- Two matched projectors. Every projector on the market is different, with different lenses, projection methods, brightness, contrast, etc. Ideally you will need to identical projectors to obtain the best results.
- A solid table or mounting bracket. Once you've set up your projectors and aligned them, you will not want them to move – so some method of holding them in place with brackets secured to walls or ceilings, or simply a sturdy table, will be vital.
- 4. Adjustable mountings (or more preferably projectors with built-in advanced adjustments). Proper alignment of two projectors can be very difficult, but will be aided by using some sort of mounting bracket that is easily adjustable. You may need to be able to move the projectors independently in all directions: left, right, up, down, forward, backward and also be able to tilt them to correct for any rotational errors.
- Adjustable projectors. Most projectors will offer certain advanced features such as key-stone correction. This will be vital to ensure proper alignment, as it will partly compensate for mounting problems.
- 6. Of course, you'll need one or more CORIO®2 units (depending on the model) with the latest firmware that supports edge-blending.

10.3 Basic setup of the two projectors



Basic video projector setup showing overlap.

The above diagram shows how the two projects should be placed to create a wider than normal image. The amount by which they overlap is very important, as this will also relate to the zooming values to be used for each of the CORIO®2 scaling engines.

Zooming is required because each projector is showing slightly more than half of the projected image, and thus each channel needs to be zoomed into a different area of the original source picture.

At this point, it is only necessary to place the projector roughly where you would like them to be, with around 15% overlap horizontally. If your projectors are already fixed into position, check that there is around 10% to 20% overlap, or edge-blending will not be possible.

You must also ensure that both projects are in focus with the same zoom settings (if your projector has this). It is often worth doing a 'factory reset' on them to ensure that no other settings (such as gamma correction or tilt) are active.

10.4 Connections to the scaler(s) and projectors

For CORIO®2 units with two scaling engines (such as the C2-7000 and C2-8000 series), use outputs 1 and 2 to connect to the left and right projectors respectively.

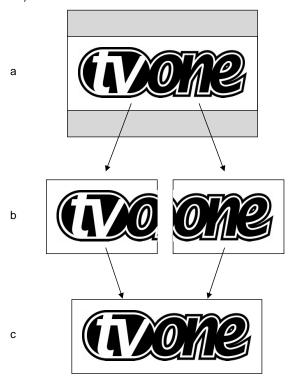
If two single-channel scalers (such as the C2-1000 or C2-2000 series) are used, then connector unit '1' to the left-most projector, and unit '2' to your right-most projector. Hereafter, we'll talk about Output 1 and Output 2 as referring to unit 1's output and unit 2's output.

For use with dual-channel, connect your video source (e.g. a DVD player or computer) to an input on the unit. It is not necessary to feed two signals – the unit can use the same signal for both outputs.

For 2 single-channel scalers, you can either use a distribution amplifier so that a single video source is split into 2 signals, or use the 'loop' output available on some units

10.5 Initial setup

This section describes how to start setting your scaler up. It is vital that your scaler is 'clean' of any user settings, so it is advisable to perform a full factory reset by either re-updating the firmware, or doing a factory reset (see earlier in manual for how to do this).



Showing setup of zoom for each channel.

Figures 'a', 'b' and 'c' show how an original wide-screen image is 'split' into two using identical zoom values on Output 1 and Output 2. Zoom values for around

10% to 20% overlap are usually around 180%. In other words, not quite 2x zooming (since that would give no overlap at all).

Figure 'a' shows the original image and 'b' shows the two zoomed images. Note that the two images are at different 'Pan' positions – i.e. they are zoomed into different areas of the image – the left and right-hand sides. Figure 'c' then shows the images re-combined as they should eventually appear on your projection screen.

To produce the above effect, you'll now need to change some settings on the units:

- 1. On a dual-channel unit, set the unit into 'Independent' mode this runs both scaling engines independently as 1A and 2B.
- Go into the 'Adjust outputs' menu and ensure that both scaling engines are outputting the same resolutions. (Hint: use Toggle 1 / 2 (Shift-1) to switch between 1A and 2B on the C2-7000 series.)
- 3. Go into the 'Adjust windows' menu and ensure that both scalers are set to the same 'Source', which needs to be your original video signal (e.g. from a DVD player).
- For Output 1 (1A), change the 'Zoom' value to 190%, with H pan% of 0% (fully left).
- 5. For Output 2 (2B), change the 'Zoom' value to 190%, with H pan% of 100% (fully right).

If your projectors are properly setup and connected, with the scaler active with the above settings, you should now have a very rough overlap of the two images on a single projection screen. Where they do overlap you will see an over-bright part of the image, and most probably some overlapping errors.

10.6 Edge-blending activation

Edge blending is activated in the 'Adjust keyers' part of the menu, as follows:

- 1. Go into the 'Adjust keyers' menu.
- For Output 1 (1A), change 'Edge blend' from 'None' to 'R' so that it's right-hand edge is blended.
- For Output 2 (2B), change 'Edge blend' from 'None' to 'L' so that it's lefthand edge is blended.

You will also notice that some red and green lines have appeared. The red lines indicate the edge of the screen, and the green lines indicate the start or end of the blend. If these lines are not present, change 'E.blend guides' to 'Auto' or 'On'. 'Auto' makes them appear only whilst you are in the 'Adjust keyers' menu. 'On' forces them to be on all the time.

10.7 Edge-blending overlap / size

The blend size needs to be the same on both keyers, and is related to both the output resolution ('Output res' in 'Adjust outputs') and the zoom value ('Zoom' in 'Adjust windows').

There is a formula for calculating the edge blend size (E) from the zoom value (Z) and horizontal pixel width of the output (H):

$$E = 2 * H * (1 - Z/200) [pixels]$$

For example, with zoom (Z) at 190%, output resolution of 1024x768 (H=1024), we can calculate E as:

$$E = 2 * 1024 * (1 - 190/200) = 102.4 [pixels]$$

There is also a formula for calculating the zoom value (Z) from the edge blend size (E) and horizontal pixel width of the output (H):

$$Z = (1 - E / (2 * H)) * 200$$

For example, with E at 150 pixels, an output resolution of 1920 x 1080i (H=1920), we can calculate Z as:

$$Z = (1 - 150 / (2 * 1920)) * 200 = 192 [%]$$

For the recommended zoom value of 190%, the following edge blend horizontal sizes should be used for various output resolutions:

Zoom %	Output	Edge
	resolution	blend
		H size
190	640 x 480	64
190	800 x 600	80
190	1024 x 768	102
190	1280 x 720	128
190	1280 x 1024	128
190	1600 x 1200	160
190	1920 x 1080i	192

To set these edge-blend widths, perform the following:

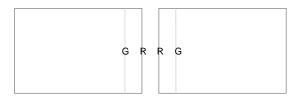
- 1. Go into the 'Adjust keyers' menu.
- 2. For Output 1 (1A), change 'E.blnd size' (the first number) to the H size recommended above.
- 3. For Output 2 (2B), change 'E.blnd size' (the first number) to the H size recommended above

It is very important for Outputs 1 and 2 to use the same blend width, or you will not be able to accurately blend your images. However, should your projectors be mismatched, changing the blend width on one or both of them can sometimes help – but this should be done as a last resort.

10.8 Edge-blending guide lines

These lines, as mentioned earlier, are used to aid the alignment of your projectors. They show the area to overlap – the red lines indicate the inside edge of the output

resolution, whilst the green lines indicate the edge of blending. (G marks the green lines, R marks the red, Y marks the yellow, for those reading in black and white.)



Outputs 1 and 2 with guide lines shown.



Outputs 1A and 2B partly overlapping.

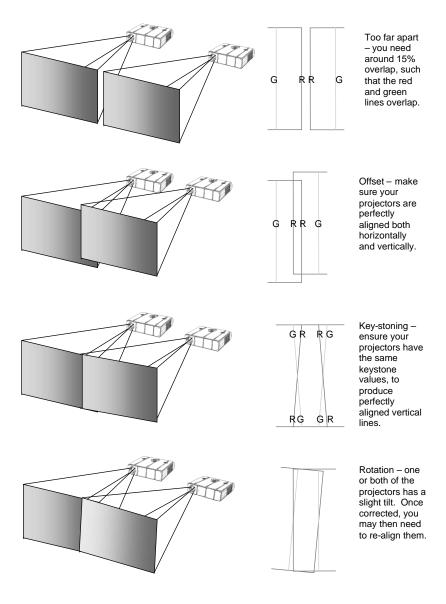


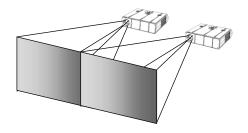
Outputs 1A and 2B perfectly overlapping – the red and green lines turn to yellow when aligned

10.9 Alignment of projectors

This is possibly the most difficult part of properly setting up edge blending. Using the guide lines, you need to fine-tune your projector positions and tilts so that the above-mentioned red and green vertical lines perfectly overlap to produce yellow ones.

Depending on how your projectors are aligned, you'll get different results, each with different solutions as detailed below:







Perfect alignment – your red and green vertical lines should overlap to produce yellow ones.

10.10 Gamma correction

By now you should have two perfectly aligned projectors, but possibly with a brighter than normal overlap. This is most probably because a projector's luminance is not perfectly linear and therefore will need to have what's called 'gamma correction' applied.

Gamma correction is available within the same 'Adjust keyers' menu as the other adjustments. You will need to adjust both output channels gamma correction to be the same, unless you have non-matching projectors.

To change gamma correction:

- 1. Go into the 'Adjust keyers' menu.
- 2. For Output 1 (1A), change 'E.blnd gamma' (the first number) until the brighter area starts to dim note the number required for this.
- 3. For Output 2 (2B), change 'E.blnd gamma' (the first number) to the same gamma value as per above.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3, changing up or down as necessary until the bright patch has disappeared.

The 2nd number in the 'E.blnd gamma' is for where you have projectors stacked vertically – e.g. for a 2x2 edge blend arrangement. The 1st number adjust the horizontal blend's gamma value, whereas the 2nd controls the vertical blend's gamma value.

Note that it may not be possible to completely remove a bright patch – this is because some projectors can not actually output completely black images, with some light always leaking through. However, the next adjustment is designed specifically for this.

10.11 Brightness compensation

If you find it impossible to completely remove the centre overlap for all images (i.e. dark images and bright images being projected), then two extra compensation adjustments are provided to help with this.

The compensation is needed because most projectors cannot output pure black – there's always some light 'leaking' to the projection screen. Thus when you're trying to output black, there will be a 'hot area' where the two projectors are now overlapping, of twice the projector's 'black level' output.

The solution is to adjust the 'Eb comp cent' value (the first in the 'Eb comp cent/side' menu) to compensate for this centre brightness error. By increasing this value, it will increase the brightness of the non-overlap area.

To get this value right, you must first make sure that the units connected to the projectors are outputting black – e.g. in the Adjust windows menu you can disable the output. Then increase the 'Eb comp cent' value until the non-overlap area's brightness has increased to be the same as the overlap (centre) area.

The 2nd value ('Eg comp side') is for where horizontal and vertical edge blending is being performed – e.g. a 2x2 arrangement. This value increases the brightness of the overlapping areas, with the exception of the centre 'square' where all projectors overlap.

10.12 Aspect ratio adjustment

Since your original video source is probably 16:9 (or a similar aspect ratio), it will also be necessary to change your vertical zoom value differently to the horizontal one. This is best done after projector alignment by performing the following:

- Go to the 'Adjust windows' menu and change 'Aspect adjust' to 'Advanced'.
 This enables separate H & V zoom adjustments.
- Go to 'Adjust windows' for Output 1 (1A) and you will now be able to adjust the vertical zoom independently of the horizontal zoom. H zoom should be left as it is, so adjust the V zoom until the correct aspect ratio of your output is achieved.
- 3. Go to 'Adjust windows' for Output 2 (2B) and adjust the V zoom to the same value as Output 1 (1A).

10.13 Locking both outputs together

If your video source contains live (moving) video then it is worthwhile locking one channels' output to the other's – this will eliminate any line or frame drift, which may cause frame-rate conversion problems. This is best done by locking Output 2 to Output 1.

For dual-channel units such as the C2-7000 series, perform the following:

- 1. Go to 'Adjust outputs'
- 2. Ensure that '2B' is selected press Toggle 1 / 2 (Shift-1) if not.
- 3. Where 'Lock [Off] RGB1' is seen (where RGB1 is the default Lock source), change the Lock source to 'OUT1'.
- 4. Then change the Lock method from 'Off' to 'Genlock'.

For single-channel units (such as the C2-1000 and C2-2000 series) you can probably only perform locking if RGB1 is available for use (i.e. you are using CV1 or YC1 as your video source). If so, perform the following:

- Either use a 2nd output from the unit with Output 1, or a distribution amplifier to generate a 2nd identical signal. Feed this into RGB1 on the unit handling Output 2.
- 2. Go to 'Adjust outputs' for Output 2
- 3. Where 'Lock [Off] RGB1' is seen (where RGB1 is the default Lock source), change the Lock source to 'OUT1'.
- 4. Then change the Lock method from 'Off' to 'Genlock'.

10.14 Other setup approaches

The previous setup method relies on your projectors being moved and aligned to the 190% zoom factor. Other setup approaches are also used where the zoom factor is adjusted to the projectors' current position – for instance if they are already fixed into their final positions.

Assuming your projectors are in fixed positions and you can't move them, you will need to adjust the 'E.blnd' H-size for both Outputs 1 and 2 to be the same values such that they overlap, creating the yellow lines mentioned earlier. You will then need to adjust the zoom values according to the formula given earlier. For various zoom and output resolutions, the following values for the edge blending H-size can be used:

Table showing Zoom% values for various Horizontal resolutions and edge blend H size overlaps.

E.blnd H	640x480	800x600	1024x768	1280x720	1280x1024	1600x1200	1920x1080i
50	192	194	195	196	196	197	197
55	191	193	195	196	196	197	197
60	191	193	194	195	195	196	197
65	190	192	194	195	195	196	197
70	189	191	193	195	195	196	196
75	188	191	193	194	194	195	196
80	188	190	192	194	194	195	196
85	187	189	192	193	193	195	196
90	186	189	191	193	193	194	195
95	185	188	191	193	193	194	195
100	184	188	190	192	192	194	195
105	184	187	190	192	192	193	195
110	183	186	189	191	191	193	194
115	182	186	189	191	191	193	194
120	181	185	188	191	191	193	194
125	180	184	188	190	190	192	193
130	180	184	187	190	190	192	193
135	179	183	187	189	189	192	193
140	178	183	186	189	189	191	193
145	177	182	186	189	189	191	192
150	177	181	185	188	188	191	192
155	176	181	185	188	188	190	192
160	175	180	184	188	188	190	192
165	174	179	184	187	187	190	191
170	173	179	183	187	187	189	191
175	173	178	183	186	186	189	191
180	172	178	182	186	186	189	191
185	171	177	182	186	186	188	190
190	170	176	181	185	185	188	190
195	170	176	181	185	185	188	190
200	169	175	180	184	184	188	190
205	168	174	180	184	184	187	189
210	167	174	179	184	184	187	189
215	166	173	179	183	183	187	189
220	166	173	179	183	183	186	189
225	165	172	178	182	182	186	188
230	164	171	178	182	182	186	188
235	163	171	177	182	182	185	188
240	163	170	177	181	181	185	188
245	162	169	176	181	181	185	187
250	161	169	176	180	180	184	187
255	160	168	175	180	180	184	187
260	159	168	175	180	180	184	186
265	159	167	174	179	179	183	186
270	158	166	174	179	179	183	186
275	157	166	173	179	179	183	186
280	156	165	173	178	178	183	185
285	155	164	172	178	178	182	185
290	155	164	172	177	177	182	185
295	154	163	171	177	177	182	185
300	153	163	171	177	177	181	184
305	152	162	170	176	176	181	184

11 3D VIDEO

The setup of 3D video processing can be quite complex. It is recommended that the CORIOtools Suite program is used to help with this.

11.1 General information

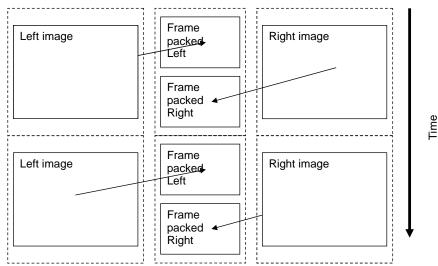
3D Video is supported by extending certain CORIO2 unit's abilities as follows:

- Addition of the 'Vendor Specific Data Block' into the EDID data for the source to read.
- 2. Addition of the 'Vendor Specific Infoframe' into the HMDI signal sent to the display, which informs the TV that a 3D resolution is being sent.
- 3. Addition of the extra 3D resolutions, supporting Frame Packing.

The processing of the left / right 3D images is handled by different scaling engines, such that left / right images can be either split from a single frame (2x Zooms), or merged into a single frame (2x PIPs).

11.2 Frame packed 3D video resolutions

Frame packing is the simplest form of putting two images (left & right) into a single video resolution. Effectively, the left image is sent first followed by the right image – but with no vertical sync between them (instead, there is a blanking area). Video bandwidth is doubled, which then means that the pixel rate is also doubled – and hence both left and right are sent together at the same frame rate as they were individually.



85

Because the video pixel rate has to be doubled in order to fit twice as many frames in during the same amount of time, only resolutions that are of low enough pixel rate can be doubled and still be within the DVI / HDMI pixel rate limit. These are:

	Frame rates available			
Resolution			59.94Hz	60Hz
	1080p 3D	23.98Hz	24Hz	25Hz

In the above, the normal 74.25MHz pixel rate is doubled to 148.5MHz in order to handle 3D Frame packing of left / right images. These resolutions have been added to the CORIO2 resolution database.

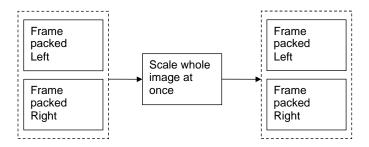
For example, the 1280x720p 60Hz 3D resolution is actually composed of a single frame of 1470 active lines (plus another 30 for the vertical sync area). The Left 720 lines are placed at the top, followed by 30 lines of blank lines (but no vertical sync), then the other Right 720 lines.

Similarly, 1080p 24Hz 3D is composed of 2205 active lines (plus another 45 for the vertical synd). Each Left / Right frame is 1080 lines long, with a blanking area in the middle of 45 lines.

11.3 Scaling of 3D resolutions using a single CORIO2 scaler

To the CORIO2 unit, the new 3D Frame-packed resolutions (720p 3D & 1080p 3D) are just larger than usual images with some blanking area in the middle. Hence, they can be scaled to different resolutions with no problem – and will retain the blanking area in the middle.

If they are scaled to another 3D resolution (e.g. 1080p 3D to 720p 3D), this blanking area will remain in the correct place for Frame packing. Hence, a single scaler can support such a conversion. However, 1080p 3D frame-rate conversion (e.g. 1080p 23.98Hz 3D to 1080p 25Hz 3D) will suffer from reduced vertical resolution, since the total numbers of lines including the blanking area will be beyond the scaler's 2048 line limit.



The following table shows what scaling can be achieved using a single CORIO2 scaler:

		Frame packed output resolution		
		720p 3D 1080p 3D		
Frame packed	720p 3D	Yes	Yes	
input resolution	1080p 3D	Yes No*		

*Reduced quality

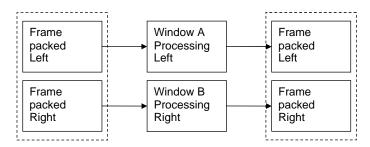
Note, however, that Zoom and Shrink (along with the associated Crop, Pan, Pos, etc.) are not available for use – since they would zoom into only one of the Left / Right images and the 3D Frame packing effect would be broken.

A 3D resolution could also be converted to a non-3D resolution using a 1st scaler (e.g. 1920x1080p 60Hz), sent over a 3G-SDI cable, and converted back to a 3D resolution using a 2nd scaler. In both cases, the scalers will correctly maintain the blanking area in the middle of the image.

However, bear in mind that the overall resolution of 720p 3D is 1470 lines (720 x2 + 30), which when scaled to 1080 lines and back to 1470 lines will cause a slight image quality loss.

11.4 Scaling of 3D resolutions using two CORIO2 scalers

For units with multiple scalers, more options are available for scaling.



Along with the resolution scaling shown above, a scaler can be dedicated solely for use with each Left & Right image. This allows the 1080p 3D frame-rate conversion to be possible:

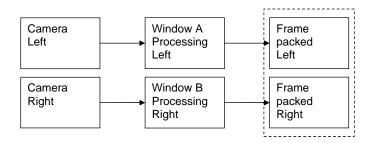
		Frame packed output resolution		
		720p 3D 1080p 3D		
Frame packed	720p 3D	Yes	Yes	
input resolution	1080p 3D	Yes Yes		

In order to dedicate a scaler per Left / Right channel, the Zoom & Pan values for each window need to be set correctly in order to solely capture a single Left or Right image. Also, when outputting the signal as a single Left / Right composite image, the Shrink & Pos values for each window need setting correctly. The exact values to use depend on the resolution coming in and going out.

It also means that Zoom and Shrink can be used – although care must be taken to set the Zoom and Shrink values correctly to maintain the correct Frame packing setup (i.e. you need to Zoom into the centre of the relevant Left or right image, and set your Shrink position to the centre of the relevant Left or Right image).

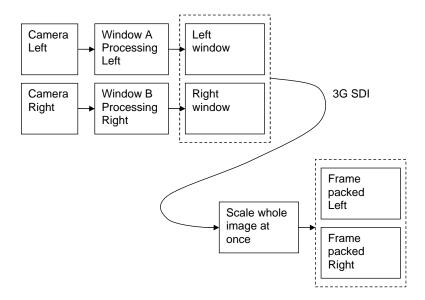
11.5 2x Camera inputs to 3D resolutions using two CORIO2 scalers

By using 2 scalers, a single camera source can be fed into each scaler, with the resulting windows output to a single 3D resolution (one above the other) – as per Frame packing mode. This then allows real-time conversion of camera sources to a 3D video signal.



		Frame pa output re 720p 3D	
Camera input resolution	Any	Yes	Yes

Alternatively, the same setup could be used to convert the 2 camera signals into a standard video resolution (again, with Left at the top, and Right at the bottom) and sent over fibre, SDI, or recorded to Blu-ray. A separate unit could then scale that 'pseudo-3D' signal back to a standard 3D resolution for display.

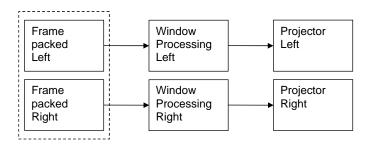


The Cameras can output any resolution – from PAL/NTSC right up to 1920x1080p.

Note that unless both Cameras are genlocked together (a feature usually only found on more expensive cameras), it's possible that their output frames might drift from each other. This may result in out of sync Left / Right images (by +/- 1 frame).

11.6 3D resolutions to 2x Projectors using two CORIO2 scalers

By using 2 scalers, a single 3D resolution can be split and fed to individual outputs – so that each Left and Right image can be fed to projectors with different polarizing filters.



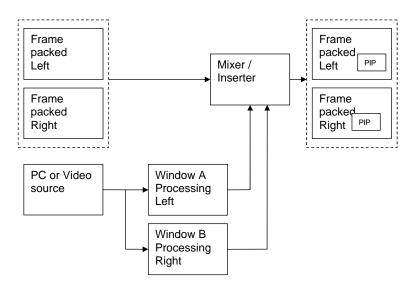
Note that this requires either a single unit with 2x scalers and 2x outputs, or a 3D-compatible Distribution Amplifier (DA) along with 2x individual scalers.

		2x Output Resolution
3D Frame packed	720p 3D	Any output resolution
input resolution	1080p 3D	in the scaler's database

If 2x individual scalers are used, it is recommended that they are genlocked to a common reference source – otherwise their outputs may drift and become out of sync from each other (by +/- 1 frame).

11.7 3D Picture-in-Picture

A PIP can be added to a 3D resolution, with the PIP made to appear 'floating' out in front of the background video. This requires a unit with 2x scalers (and at least two inputs, one for Frame packed 3D, and one for the PC/Video PIP source), both taking the same PIP source and placing the PIP slightly offset in each Left / Right frame.



In order to achieve this, the CORIO2's 'Lock&Mix' mode is required, so that the background Frame-packed 3D source can pass through untouched – except for the insertion of the extra 2x PIPs from the scalers.

Each scaler needs to offset the Left and Right PIPs differently in the horizontal direction, but they must be the same relative vertical direction. The Left image needs offsetting to the right, and the Right image needs offsetting to the left.

		Frame packed output resolution with PIP		
		720p 3D 1080p 3D		
Frame packed	720p 3D	Yes	Yes	
input resolution	1080p 3D	Yes	Yes	

It is not recommend that the PIP is made to go back 'into' the screen, as this will 'break' the 3D effect if the existing 3D background tries to go in front of it.

11.8 Other types of 3D resolution / Transcoding between them

Frame Packing is not the only way to transmit a Left / Right pair of images. 'Top-Bottom' and 'Side-by-Side' are also available, although in most cases they reduce the image quality as they squeeze two frames into the same signal bandwidth usually occupied by one.

In the case of 1920x1080p60 Top-Bottom, two 1920x540 frames are placed one above the other (with no gap between them). Thus half the vertical resolution of each frame is lost.

For 1920x1080p60 Side-by-Side, two 960x1080 frames are placed next to each other (again, with no gap between them). Thus half the horizontal resolution of each frame is lost.

Whilst there are uses for these two methods, the loss of quality is not usually worth the benefit of the extra frame rate (60Hz) obtained. Since most movies are filmed at 24Hz (film frequency), 60Hz is not usually required.

CORIO2 units that have at least two scalers are compatible with 'Top-Bottom' and 'Side-by-Side' 3D resolution inputs, and can then process them (and also convert them into the 'Frame packing' method previously described). This is done by setting each Window to process just one of the Left / Right pair of images.

Note, however, that outputting 'Top-Bottom' and 'Side-by-Side' may not be compatible with all displays as the relevant HDMI Vendor-Specific Infoframe data is not yet available in CORIO2 units.

11.9 CORIO2 units suitable for 3D processing

The table below shows which CORIO2 units are capable of processing 3D as described in this document. Please refer to the preceding sections for any relevant notes and comments.

Unit	3D image scaling (without Zoom & Shrink)	3D image scaling (with Zoom & Shrink)	2x Cameras to 3D	3D to 2x outputs	3D PIP	3D Trans- coding
C2-2200A C2-2205A C2-2250A C2-2255A C2-2350A C2-2355A C2-2375A	Yes	No	No	**With 2x units + DA	No	No
1T-C2-750	Yes	Yes	Yes	**With 2x units + DA	Yes	Yes
1T-C2-760	Yes	No	No	**With 2x units + DA	With 2x units + DA	No
C2- 6104(A)	Yes	Yes	Yes	**With 2x units + DA	Yes	Yes
C2-8000	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

^{**} Left / Right images may become out of sync by +/- 1 Frame

12 SERIAL PORT

12.1 Connection

Your unit is fitted with a standard 'D9' plug or socket allowing it to be controlled from a computer or other type of terminal or console with a similar interface. Most computers fitted with an RS232 port, known as a 'COM' port, will have a 'D9' plug on them. To enable connection between the two devices you will require one of two cables as shown below:

D9 connector type	RS232 cable type required
on C2 unit	for linking to PC
Plug – common on earlier C2 units	'Null-modem' D9 socket to socket
Socket - common on recent C2 units	D9 plug to socket

Should your PC not have an RS232/COM port, it is possible to add an interface card into the PC to add this facility. Another option you could use is a USB to RS232 converter. Both methods will add a COM port to your PC, although you should be aware that these generally do not default to being 'COM1' which is the default most RS232 applications will use.

Some units are also RS-422/485 capable – see the Specifications section for more details.

The default baud rate is 57600 with 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity. This baud rate can be changed in the System menu to suit other programs if need be.

12.2 Communications protocol

The standard communications protocol for your unit is text-based and is detailed on our website. Also on our website, you can find the Windows Control Panel or CORIO®tool Suite for your unit.

The protocol is also bi-directional (unit and computer both send messages to each other), so that you can send changes to the unit, and it will also respond with any changes made via alternate methods (front panel buttons, menu changes and infrared control). This enables any attached computer to be aware of any changes made to the unit from an alternative source rather than itself.

What this means is that you can easily find out the exact command to send to the unit to tell it to perform a certain function. This can be seen by the data that is sent back to the computer when changing values on the unit. For instance, just by turning FREEZE on, by pressing the FREEZE button, will cause RS232 data to be sent to the computer that represents the command required to set FREEZE on. A second press, to turn FREEZE off, then sends the computer the command required to turn the FREEZE off.

Note: Any command you send to the unit will be replied to either with an error code or with the actual changed value. This may be different to the one you sent; for example, if trying to set a value too high or too low.

13 ETHERNET PORT

13.1 Connection

Your unit is fitted with an Ethernet port allowing it to be controlled across a local network using the Window Control panel, CORIOtools or a 3rd party control system. The host computer will need an IP address in the same range as defined in the scaler, the default scaler values are:

IP Address 10.1.2.123 Netmask 255.255.255.0

The host computer should therefore be set as below where xxx is any value except 123 as this is used for the scaler.

IP Address 10.1.2.xxx Netmask 255.255.255.0

The connection to the scaler may either be through a network hub or via a crossover cable as detailed below:

Signal	Color	Fro m	То	Signal
TX-	Orange	2	6	RX-
RX+	White/Green	3	1	TX+
-	Blue	4	7	-
-	White/Blue	5	8	-
RX-	Green	6	2	TX-
-	White/Brown	7	4	-
-	Brown	8	5	-

The Ethernet port uses the same protocol as defined in the following section for Serial control.

14 SERIAL / IP CONTROL SPECIFICATION

PLEASE NOTE: Not all units support Serial and/or IP (Ethernet) communications – check to see if this feature is present on your unit.

This section outlines how to control a unit via a Serial or Ethernet link (if fitted to your unit), using ASCII-based commands. It details how to send and receive serial data to perform many of the functions that a user has access to on the unit.

Not all units will support the full range of adjustments listed – this will depend on the complexity of the unit you have.

14.1 Communication protocol basics

Packets of ASCII data containing hexadecimal numbers are exchanged between the unit and controller via a Serial or IP link (you cannot use both at the same time).

The Serial standard is 57600 baud, 8 bits, no parity and 1 stop bit, although this can be changed by the user (see 'System' menu).

No flow control is used - however all control packets start with an ASCII 'F', end with carriage-return (13 decimal, 0x0D hexadecimal) and all such packets sent to the unit will be acknowledged (thereby provided software handshaking). Note that a line-feed (LF) should not be sent.

It may take around 30ms (0.03 seconds) for an RS232 command to be actioned and acknowledged – this will vary between different models.

ASCII-hex data is used where a number is encoded into its hexadecimal equivalent with leading zeros – e.g. Where '00' is decimal value 0, '80' is decimal 128 and 'FF' is decimal 255. In other words, two characters are sent for each byte encoded.

Any gap of more than 1 second between the characters of a control command sent will cause a time-out - and previous characters sent will be lost.

Write packets (sending command functions to the unit) are always 20 characters long (including a carriage return at the end). The unit will respond with a full 20 character message indicating what has changed. This returned payload will reflect the actual value of the parameter changed. If the user requests a value out of bounds then the limit value is used, and the payload will then reflect the limited value used.

Read packets (sent to request information from the unit) are always 14 characters long (including a carriage return at the end), the response from the unit will be a 20 byte message with the Write flag (since it is 'writing' the value back to the host) and the ACK flag set.

The ACK flag will be returned as 0 if the command is invalid for some reason – for example a bad FUNCTION, WINDOW, OUTPUT or PAYLOAD value. An ACK=0 message will be otherwise identical to the one you sent, so you know exactly which message has the error.

Any changes made to the unit using the front panel controls will also cause the full 20 byte message to be sent indicating the change that has occurred, thus enabling a program to stay 'in-sync' with the unit. In some cases (such as the execution of a macro) multiple 20 bytes messages will be sent indicating all the parameters that have been changed.

Only one message should be sent to the unit, another message can't be sent until a specific response is received from the unit (the user should look for a message with the same WINDOW, OUTPUT and FUNCTION values as they sent). If no message is received back within 1 second, there is likely to be a hardware communication problem (or wrong baud rate, etc.).

If absolutely required, to simplify programming the user may send packets one after the other with around 100ms (100 milliseconds) between each one. However, this will not work for all packets (such as Zooming into Still Images / Testcards or changing Logos) since this will cause the unit's micro-controller to be busy, so the user must experiment and satisfy themselves that this is possible.

14.2 Packet format

Below is a representation of data bytes in a single packet for a 'Write' to the unit to set a value:

SOP	CMD	CHA	WINDOW	OUTPUT	FUNCTION	PAYLOAD x 3	CS	EOP
				/ FUNCTION				

Below is a representation of data bytes in a single packet for a 'Read' to the unit to get a value:

SOP	CMD	CHA	WINDOW	OUTPUT	FUNCTION	CS	EOP
				/ FUNCTION		1	

The table below details the function of each part of the packet:

Packet part	Function
SOP	This is always the ASCII letter 'F' to indicate the packet start.
(Start of	
packet)	
CMD	ASCII-hex byte to indicate the type of command being sent.
(Command)	Each bit in the byte has a different function. Currently only the following bits are defined:
	Bit 7 = Write (0) or Read (1) request. Messages from the unit are
	always Writes.
	Bit 6 = ACK bit. Should be set to 0 for messages to the unit. ACK=1

	returned means message was okay. ACK=0 returned means an error
	was present in the message.
	Bit 5 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 4 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 3 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 2 = 1 This bit *must* be set.
	Bit 1 = 0 Reserved for future use.
	Bit 0 = 0 Reserved for future use.
CHA	This byte has multiple uses, and defaults to 0 unless used for:
(Channel)	
	<u>CHA</u>
SOURCE	When a channel number is used in the Adjust Sources section (see
	later).
or	
	SOURCE
MACRO	Byte to indicate the source channel to be altered (if appropriate).
NUMBER	0x10 = RGB1, $0x11 = RGB2$, $0x12 = RGB3$, etc.
	0x30 = CV1, $0x31 = CV2$, $0x32 = CV3$, etc.
	0x40 = YC1, $0x41 = YC2$, $0x42 = YC3$, etc.
	0x50 = SDI1, 0x51 = SDI2, etc.
	0xD0 = OUT1, $0xD1 = OUT2$, etc.
	0xF0 = TC1, $0xF1 = TC2$, etc.
	MACRO
	Or – for Macro related commands:
	Bit 74 = 0 Reserved
	Bit 30 = Macro number
WINDOW /	Bit 7 = 0 (Reserved).
LOGO /	Bit 60 = Represents the window to be adjusted (for multi-channel units
BORDER	only).
BONDEN	E.g. Window 'A' (the default for single-channel units) is sent as '41'
	since 0x41 is ASCII for 'A'. 0x61 is ASCII for 'a' (a Logo) and is sent as
	'61'.
OUTPUT	Bit 74 = Number representing the output to adjust 0 = Output 1, 1 =
&	Output 2 (for multi-channel units).
	Bit 32 = Reserved (set to 0).
HIGH	Bit 10 = Bits 9 & 8 of the function code. (Remainder of bits [70] are in
півп	FUNC LOW.)
	E.g. If the function code is 0x234, and we want to adjust Output 2, then
FUNCTION	this byte is 0x12
	ASCII-hex byte to indicate the lowest 8 bits of the actual function to set
LOW	or receive (e.g. change Zoom value).
DA)// 0 : 5	A later table details all the functions available.
PAYLOAD	A series of ASCII-hex bytes carrying the data to send.
x 3 bytes	Read requests have no payload - the payload is in the data sent back.
	Write packets require a payload, and this is always in 'triple-bytes' - i.e.
	3 bytes are required, MSB first.
	e.g. '000001' is 1 in decimal, '010000' is 65536 in decimal, and
	'FFFFF0' is -16 in decimal.

CS	ASCII-hex byte that is the (check) sum of all previous bytes (excluding
	the SOP 'F' character).
	E.g. The command F0400410082000001C8 has the checksum of
	04+00+41+00+82+00+00+01=C8, so the complete command to send is
	F0400410082000001C8.
	A short-cut for debugging allows the checksum to be replaced by 2
	question marks, so in the previous example you could send
	F0400410082000001?? Instead. This is purely for test and debugging -
	you should normally use a checksum to ensure data validity.
EOP	This is a carriage return (no line-feed) - ASCII code 13 (decimal).

14.3 Function list

These are grouped together into their associated on-screen menus.

Your unit and this manual should be used to determine the actual function of each of the following, as only the menu text is listed here. Where an equivalent menu item does not exist on your unit, then that feature is not supported on.

Function codes are given in hexadecimal and adjustment range is in decimal (but always sent as hexadecimal!).

For dual-channel units the mode of operation also restricts what Window and Output can be used the following table shows the allowed combinations:

Mode	Allowed Window and Output combinations
Switcher	Output 1 (0x00) and Window A (0x41) / Z (0x5A) / Logo a (0x61)
Independent	Output 1 (0x00) and Window A (0x41) / Z (0x5A) / Logo a (0x61) OR
	Output 2 (0x01) and Window B (0x42) / Z (0x5A) / Logo b (0x62)
Dual PIP	Any combination of Output and Window

The following table is a list of all menu functions, their related function number and valid range of adjustment.

Please note that not all items will be available on all units. If your unit does not show the menu text in the menus then that function is not supported.

Menu text	СНА	FUNC (Hex)	Range of adjustment (decimal)
Top level			
Mode		109	0 = Switcher
(Dual-channel units only)			1 = Independent 2 = Dual PIP
Preset number		225	1 to 10
Preset load			Set to 1 to load – automatically resets to 0.
Preset store		227	Set to 1 to store – automatically resets to 0.

Adjust outputs	Preset erase	228	Set to 1 to erase – automatically resets to 0.
Dutput enable	Adjust outnuts		
Lock source (connector)		170	0-Blanked 1-Active
0x30 to 0x3F = CV1 to CV16			
0x40 to 0x4F = YC1 to YC16 0x50 to 0x5F = SDI1 to SDI16 0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2 0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2 10A	Lock source (connector)	143	
0x50 to 0x5F = SDI1 to SDI16			
OxD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2 0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2			
Dock method			
Lock method			*
1 = Genlock 2 = Lock & Mix 3 = DARSlock (some units only) 4 = Frm.lock (some units only)	I a also as atla a al	404	
2 = Lock & Mix 3 = DARSlock (some units only) 4 = Frm.lock (Lock method	TUA	o o
3 = DARSlock (some units only) 4 = Frm.lock (some units only) 4 = Variable (some units only) 4 = Variable (variable (variable (some units only) 4 = Variable (variable (variable (some units only) 4 = Variable (variable (variable (some units only) 5 = Variable (variable (variable (some units only)) 5 = Variable (variable (variable (some units only)) 6 = Variable (variable (variable (some units only)) 6 = Variable (variable (
Lock H Shift			
Lock H Shift 14A -40964096 Output resolution 083 11000 Output image type 0E2 0 = RGBHV 1 = RGBS 2 = RGsB 3 = YUV 4 = ttYUV 7 = tlRGB Output image type digital 16C 0 = RGBHV 3 = YUV 4 = ttYUV 1 = RGBS 4 = RGBS 2 = RGsB 3 = YUV HDCP required 233 01, Off, On (if display supports it) HDCP status 234 0 = Unavailable 1 = Supported 2 = Active 3 = Repeater supported 2 = Active 3 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater active 5 = No display (Other values indicate various HDCP 3 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 4 = Repeater supported 1 = N = N = N = N = N = N = N = N = N =			
Dutput resolution	Look H Chift	111	
Output resolution 083 11000 Output image type 0E2 0 = RGBHV 1 = RGBS 2 = RGsB 3 = YUV 4 = ttYUV 7 = tIRGB 0 = RGBHV 3 = YUV 3 = YUV HDCP required 233 0.1, Off, On (if display supports it) HDCP status 234 0=Unavailable 1=Supported 2=Active 3=Repeater supported 4=Repeater active 5=No display (Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.) Background U Background V 13B 16235 Background V 13D 16240 Background V 13D		_	
Output image type 0E2 0 = RGBHV 1 = RGBS 2 = RGsB 3 = YUV 4 = tlYUV 7 = tlRGB Output image type digital 16C 0 = RGBHV 3 = YUV HDCP required 233 01, Off, On (if display supports it) HDCP status 234 0=Unavailable 1=Supported 2=Active 3=Repeater supported 4=Repeater active 5=No display (Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.) Background Y 13B 16235 Background U 13C 16240 Background V 13D 16.240 SDI optimization 197 01, Off, On Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High			
1 = RGBS 2 = RGsB 3 = YUV 4 = tlYUV 7 = tlRGB			
2 = RGsB 3 = YUV 4 = tlYUV 7 = tlRGB	Output image type	0E2	
3 = YUV			
4 = tlYUV 7 = tlRGB			
7 = tlRGB			
Output image type digital 16C 0 = RGBHV 3 = YUV HDCP required 233 01, Off, On (if display supports it) HDCP status 234 0=Unavailable 1=Supported 2=Active 3=Repeater supported 4=Repeater active 5=No display (Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.) Background Y 13B 16235 Background U 13C 16240 Background V 13D 16240 SDI optimization 197 01, Off, On Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High			4 = tIYUV
3 = YUV			7 = tIRGB
HDCP required	Output image type digital	16C	
D=Unavailable			
1=Supported 2=Active 3=Repeater supported 4=Repeater active 5=No display (Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.) Background Y 13B 16235 Background U 13C 16240 Background V 13D 16240 SDI optimization 197 01, Off, On Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High	HDCP required	233	01, Off, On (if display supports it)
2=Active 3=Repeater supported 4=Repeater active 5=No display (Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.)	HDCP status	234	
3=Repeater supported			1=Supported
4=Repeater active 5=No display (Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.)			2=Active
5=No display (Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.) Background Y			3=Repeater supported
Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.) Background Y			4=Repeater active
authentication states.) Background Y			
Background Y 13B 16235 Background U 13C 16240 Background V 13D 16240 SDI optimization 197 01, Off, On Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High			(Other values indicate various HDCP
Background U 13C 16240 Background V 13D 16240 SDI optimization 197 01, Off, On Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High			authentication states.)
Background U 13C 16240 Background V 13D 16240 SDI optimization 197 01, Off, On Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High	Background Y	13B	16235
Background V 13D 16240 SDI optimization 197 01, Off, On Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High		_	
SDI optimization 197 01, Off, On Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High		13D	16240
Output Standard 101 0 = NTSC/PAL 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High			
1 = PAL-M/PAL-N 2 = SECAM	Output Standard		
2 = SECAM	o aspar oraniaana	1.0.	
Output CV/YC IRE 133 -7.512.5 Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High			
Output CV/YC Hue (degrees) 139 -2222 Output SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High	Output CV/YC IRF	133	
(degrees) 0utput SC/H Phase 085 -180180 Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High			
Output Luma Bandwidth 134 0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High	(degrees)	139	
	Output SC/H Phase	085	
		134	0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High
	Output Chroma	135	0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High

Bandwidth		
Output Chroma delay	137	-43
PAL WSS	130	0 = Off
		1 = 4:3 Full format
		2 = 14:9 Letterbox centre
		3 = 14:9 Letterbox top
		4 = 16:9 Letterbox centre
		5 = 16:9 Letterbox top
		6 = >16:9 Letterbox centre
		7 = 14:9 Full format
Toko	11E	8 = 16:9 Full format 0->1 = Perform a Preview -> Program
Take		transition
Audio amp. Volume	201	-16 to 15
AES/SDI Chan. 1 source	20B	0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SD1-8
AES/SDI Chan. 2 source	20D	0x00 to 0x07 = SD1 - 1 to SD1 - 6 0x08 to 0x0F = SD12 - 1 to SD12 = 8
AES/SDI Chan. 3 source	20D	0x10 to 0x1F = AES1 to AES16
AES/SDI Chan. 4 source	20E	0x20 = AFV (audio follow video)
AES/SDI Chan. 5 source	20F	
AES/SDI Chan. 6 source	210	-
AES/SDI Chan. 7 source	211	-
AES/SDI Chan. 8 source	212	-
HDMI/SDI audio routing	268	0=Mute, 1=On, 2=WinA
HDMI/SDI 'On' source	269	0x10 onwards for DVI-U1, etc.
TIDIVII/ODI OII Source	203	0x50 = SDI1
		0x51 = SDI2
•	•	
Adjust windows		
Program source / Window	082	0x10 to $0x1F = RGB1$ to $RGB16$
source (connector)		(Also includes DVI / YUV sources)
		0x30 to 0x3F = CV1 to CV16
		0x40 to $0x4F = YC1$ to $YC16$
		0x50 to $0x5F = SDI1$ to $SDI16$
		0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2
Calaatilaisaaalaassaa	0.44	0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2
Select Universal source	241	0xE0 to 0xEF select universal inputs 1 to 16
Source resolution	0F8	Read only – returns # of resolution
Window Enable	12B	01 = Off, On
Zoom level %	086	1001000
Zoom level H %	103	1001000 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
Zoom level V %	105	1001000 (only used in Advanced A/R
		mode)
Aspect ratio in	107	0.1:19.99:1 (read only)
H/V zoom pan % (H)	09F	0100
H/V zoom pan % (V)	0A0	0100
Image freeze	09C	01 = Off, On

H/V crop % (H)	223	0100
H/V crop % (V)	224	0100
H/V out shift (H)	0AD	-40964096
H/V out shift (V)	0AE	-40964096
Shrink level %	087	10100
Shrink level H %		10100 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
	104	
Shrink level V % Shrink enable	106 18E	10100 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
		01 = Off, On
H/V shr. pos.% (H)	0DA	0100
H/V shr. pos.% (V)	0DB	0100
In (top-left H)	21B	
In (top-left V)	21D	
In (H size)	21C	
In (V size)	21E	
Out (top-left H)	21F	
Out (top-left V)	221	
Out (H size)	220	
Out (V size)	222	
Aspect change	190	02 = Normal, Letterbox, Pillarbox
Aspect adjust	102	01 = Simple, Advanced
Flicker reduction	092	03 = Off, Low, Med, High
Image smoothing	0A1	02 = Off, Med, High
Image flip	095	03 = Off, Horiz., Vertical, H & V
Temporal interpolation	229	01 = Off, On
Show source label	250	01 = Off, On
Audio bars	252	0=Off, 1 to 4 audio bars shown.
Max fade level	10F	0100 = Fade level %
Fade out / in	193	-1 = Fade out
		0 = No action
		1 = Fade in
Layer priority	144	05 = Layer priority
		(Other layers are automatically moved.)
Headphone volume	0FD	-1615 (-16=Mute)
Audio vol. (volume)	206	-128127 (for digital audio processing)
Audio vol. (on/off)	207	01 = Off, On (for digital audio processing)
Adjust keyers (on certain mod		
Keyer enable	127	01 = Off, On
Y key min/max (min)	0AF	0255
Y key min/max (max)	0B2	0255
Y key Softness	121	0255
Y key Invert	122	01 = Off, On
U key min/max (min)	0B0	0255
U key min/max (max)	0B3	0255
U key Softness	123	0255
U key Invert	124	01 = Off, On
V key min/max (min)	0B1	0255

V key min/max (max)		0B4	0255			
V key Softness		125	0255			
V key Invert		126	01 = Off, On			
Swap fore / background		144	01 = Off, Off			
Adjust keyers – edge blending (on certain models only)						
		180	Bit 0 = Left edge active			
			Bit 1 = Right edge active			
			Bit 2 = Top edge active			
			Bit 3 = Bottom edge active			
E.blnd guides		18F	02 = Off, Auto, On			
E.blnd size V		18C	0 limited by V height			
E.blnd gamma H		188	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50			
E.blnd gamma V		18D	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50			
E.blnd comp cent		198	099			
E.blnd comp side		19D	099			
E.blnd size Left		277	0 limited by H width			
E.blnd size Right		278	0 limited by H width			
E.blnd size Top		279	0 limited by V height			
E.blnd size Bottom		27A	0 limited by V height			
E.blnd gamma Left		27B	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50			
E.blnd gamma Right		27C	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50			
E.blnd gamma Top		27D	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50			
E.blnd gamma Bottom		27E	1150 1=0.01, 150=1.50			
Logos (on certain model	s oniy)		0.4.04.05			
Logo enable		12B	01 = Off, On			
Logo number		143 0AD	09 Logo selection 0100 %			
H/V out shift (H)			0100 %			
H/V out shift (V) Max fade level		0AE 10F	0100 %			
Layer priority		144	05			
Layer priority		144	05			
Borders (on certain models only)						
Border enable		150	01 = Off, On			
Border H size		152	099			
Border V size		151	099			
Border H offset		153	099			
Border V offset		154	099			
Border Opacity		158	0 (fully transparent)100 (solid)			
Border Y		155	16235			
Border U		156	16240			
Border V		157	16240			
Adjust sources		1				
Source to adjust.	CHA	116	0x10 to $0x1F = RGB1$ to $RGB16$			
This only changes what's			0x30 to 0x3F = CV1 to CV16			

			la .a. a .=	V04 - V040		
shown in the menu – use			0x40 to $0x4F = YC1$ to $YC16$			
the CHA values below to			0x50 to 0x5F = SDI1 to SDI16			
change settings of a			0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2			
source.			0xF0 = TC1, $0xF1 = TC2$			
	F0F1		010			
	101F		1= Start Autoset procedure			
Aspect correct	105F	240	0=Fill (default)			
			1=Aspect, 2=H-fit, 3=V-fit, 4=1:1			
	105F		0 to 126, as per TSL 3.1 protocol			
Label font	105F	246	015 to select different fonts			
	105F	247	0=Black 8=Transparent			
Label foreground color	105F	248	1=Blue	9=Grey		
			2=Green	10=Opaque Black		
			3=Cyan	11=Opaque White		
			4=Red	12=Flashing Blue		
			5=Magenta	13=Flashing Green		
			6=Yellow	14=Flashing Red		
			7=White	15=Flashing White		
Label H. Size	105F	249	08	To The transfer of the transfe		
	105F		08			
	105F		03 (Off / Left / Center / Right)			
	105F		03 (Off / Top / Middle / Bottom)			
	105F		023			
	105F					
	103F		32127			
	101F		07 to specify EDID entries 1Mon			
	101F		07 to specify EDID entries 1Mon			
			Set to 1 to Grab. Auto-resets to 0.			
HDCP advertise (DVI)	101F		0=Off, 1=On			
	101F		0=Inactive, 1=Active			
	10FF		-100100			
. , , , ,	10FF		-100100			
	105F		-100100			
, ,	105F		-100100			
	10FF	242	04			
(internal)			Selects inputs 1 to 4 + Mute.			
	10FF		09 = Channels 1 10 on A2-2000			
	10FF		-1615 (-16=Mute)			
	10FF		-1515			
On source loss	105F	0A3	0=Show, 1=Freeze, 2=Blue, 3=Black,			
(was Deglitch)			4=Remove			
Source stable (read only)		22A	0=Unstable, 1=Stable			
	105F	091	031			
RGB input type	101F	0C1	8 = Auto			
			6 = D-RGB			
			11 = D-YUV			
			10 = A-RGB			
			12 = A-YUV			

			1
			For universal HD15 inputs: 5 = CV/YC
			For units with DVI-U inputs:
			13 = CV (or A-CV)
			14 = YC (or A-YC)
			For units with DVI-U 5x BNC breakouts:
			15 = B-RGB 16 = B-YUV
			17 = B-70V
			17 = B-CV 18 = B-YC
RGB contr. (red)	101F	005	75150
RGB contr. (green)	101F		75150
RGB contr. (blue)	101F		75150
YUV setup level	101F		0=0 IRE, 1=7.5 IRE
De-int.	10FF		06 = Normal, Auto, Film 3:2, M.comp.low,
De-int.	10	UDO	M.comp.med., M.comp.high, Frame/bob
(Film mode detected)	10FF	0E2	01 = Not detected, Detected
Diagonal interpolation	10FF		
			01 = Off, On
Noise reduction	104F		01 = Off, On
Bright	304F		0180
Contrast	304F		0180
Saturation	304F		0180
Hue	304F		-180180
Sharpness	304F		-7+7
Luma delay	304F		-43
Video standard	304F	08A	0 = PAL BGDHI / NTSC M
			1 = NTSC 4.43 50 / PAL 60Hz
			2 = PAL N / NTSC 4.43 60Hz
			3 = NTSC N 3.58 / PAL M 4 = NTSC-Japan 3.58
			5 = SECAM
			6 = B&W 50Hz / 60Hz
Field swap	10FF	nCa	01 = Off, On (swaps odd/even fields)
Field Offset	10FF	106	07 = -4+3 (defaults to 4 = 0)
For units with digital audio			10 *4 (uciaulis (0 4 = 0)
Audio channel 1	10FF		0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SD1-8
Audio channel 2	10FF		0x00 to 0x07 = 3D11-1 to 3D1-6 0x08 to 0x0F = SD12-1 to SD12=8
Audio channel 3	10FF		0x10 to 0x0F = 3D12-1 to 3D12=0 0x10 to 0x1F = AES1 to AES16
	10FF		ONTO 10 ONTI - NEOT 10 AEOTO
Audio channel 4 Audio channel 5	10FF		1
Audio channel 5 Audio channel 6	10FF		-
	10FF		-
Audio channel 7			-
Audio channel 8	10FF	∠IA	

Adjust audio (on certain ı	nodels only)
Source to adj	203	0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SD1-8
,		0x08 to 0x0F = SDI2-1 to SDI2=8
		0x10 to $0x1F = AES1$ to $AES16$
Volume trim	205	-128 to 127
Delay adjust	204	-100 to 5000
		1
Adjust transitions (on cer		
Transition type	112	03 = Cut, Fade, Wipe, Push
Switching fade time	0F5	0 (off) to 50 (5.0 seconds)
Wipe type	145	0 = Left -> Right
		1 = Right -> Left
		2 = Up -> Down
		3 = Down -> Up
		4 = Diagonal
		5 = Diamond
Wipe Size	146	102000
Audio Control (S2-106AD		
Sample frequency	191	04 = Bypass, 32, 44.1, 48, 96kHz
Audio delay	192	0999 = delay in ms (restricted depending
		on Sample frequency)
A Proceedings of the contract		
Adjust tally (on certain m Tally mode		O Disabled
Tally mode	260	0 = Disabled 1 = Normal
		2 = Presets
Tally inner nemakar	201	
Tally input number Tally preset to load	261 262	1 to 8
rally preset to load	202	1 10 50
Adjust resolutions		
	nage to adjus	st' value to the correct value first, and only
		e you may be adjusting the wrong entry. The
		ust' entry using the front panel whilst also
accessing it via RS232	image to adje	ast entry using the north pariet willist also
Image to adjust	081	11000
Interlaced	0CA	01 = Off, On
H.freq.crse	0BE	10000200000
H.freq.fine	0BF	10000200000
H/V active (H)	096	642047
H/V active (V)	090	642047
H/V start (H)	08B	01023
H/V start (V)	08C	01023
Clks/l		
	08D	644095
Lines/f	08E	642047
H/V sync (H)	08F	81023
H/V sync (V)	090	11023

Sync polarity	094	03 = ++, +-, -+,
The personal	100.	1000
System		
SW (Software version)	0D2	Read only
PT (Product type)	0C4	Read only
BT (Board type)	0C2	Read only
Advanced menus	11D	01, Off, On
Autoset Sense	0FF	03 = Low, medium, high, v.high
OSD on Power up	189	01, Off, On
RGB1 termination	199	02, Off, On, Auto
Store	0C8	Set to 1 to store
Buzzer	0CB	01 = Off, On
CC-300 A/B bus enable	202	01 = Off, On
Power cycles	0D6	Read only
Firmware updates	0DD	Read only
Hours in use	0D7	Read only
Resolutions	0D8	Read only
Number of Still Images /	0D9	Read only
Testcards	000	Tread only
Number of logos	14F	Read only
Board temp. (deg.C)	0CD	Read only
Air temp. (deg.C)	148	Read only
Regulators temp.(deg.C)	147	Read only
PLD temp. (deg.C)	111	Read only
Led brightness	12C	0100
LCD backlight LCD contrast	200 270	01 = Off, On 0255
Serial type	251	0 = RS-232
(See Specs to see if your		1 = RS-422
unit supports all options)	040	2 = RS-485 06 = 9600, 19200, 28800, 33600, 38400,
RS232 Baud rate	0AB	06 = 9600, 19200, 28800, 33600, 38400, 57600, 115200
Fan speed (rpm)	0CE	Read only
Fan 1 status	271	0=OK
Fan 2 status	272	1=Fast
Fan 3 status	273	2=Slow
Fan 4 status	274	3=STOP
PSU 1 status	27F	0=Fault
PSU 2 status	280	1=NoPower
1 00 2 310103	200	2=OK
		3=Missing
TAC number 0	15D	Read only
TAC number 1	15E	Read only
TAC number 2	15F	Read only
TAC number 3	160	Read only
TAC number 3	161	Read only
TAC number 5	162	Read only
TAO HUHIDEI J	102	I toda only

MAC number (IP port)	208	Rea	d only – bytes	reve	ersed!
Not part of menu system					
Front panel lock	0FC	0 = 0	unlocked, $1 = 1$	ocke	ed
Emulate button press	24F	See	section below		
Options installed or	264	24-b	it number has	a bit	t high to indicate that
attached – read only		a un	it is attached,	or ar	option installed:
		Bit	Unit	Bit	Unit
		0	Audio switcher	12	S2-110CV
		1	S2-106AD	13	S2-110YC
		2	S2-105PC	14	S2-101AA
		3	S2-105PCA	15	Ethernet
		4	S2-109PC	16	Tally / UMD module
		5	S2-105CV	17	-
		6	S2-105CVA	18	-
		7	S2-105YC	19	-
		8	S2-105YCA	20	-
		9	-	21	-
		10	S2-108HD	22	-
		11	S2-105DVIA	23	-

14.4 Examples

Each example shows the packet sent to the unit and its response. When a byte is not required to be sent it is indicated by a '- 'in the table below (since a Read is 6 bytes shorter than a Write). Each character shown below is sent as a ASCII character so F0400 is sent as 'F' '0' '4' '0' '0'.

Pack	et sent			Pack	et retu	rned											
SOP	CMD	СНА	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	СНА	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	cs	EOP
Set o	utput 1	windo	w B S	ource	to RG	B2											
F	04	00	42	00	82	000011	D9	CR	F	44	00	42	00	82	000011	19	CR
contr	ol [']	windo				anced as	pect	:									
F	04	00	41	01	02	000001	??	CR	F	44	00	42	01	02	000001	A8	CR
	Set 1A Shrink to 110 – invalid max for shrink is 100																
F	04	00	41	00	87	00006E	??	CR	F	44	00	41	00	87	000064	70	CR
Read exist	1C Zo	om lev	∕el – ir	nvalid	as win	dow C do	es n	ot									
F	84	00	43	00	86	-	??	CR	F	04	00	43	00	86	000000	CD	CR
Read	1B Zo	om lev	el e						Zoon	n = 100)						
F	84	00	42	00	86	-	??	CR	F	44	00	42	00	86	000064	70	CR
F	Set baud to 9600 Reply is at 9600 baud														CR		
Set 1	A Zoor 04	m = 30 00	_	00	86	00012C	F7	CR	F	44	00	42	00	86	00012C	37	CR

Set 1	A Shri	_	-	100	0.7	000000	Icc	O.D.		44	00	40	00	0.7	000000	lo-	CD.
F	04	00	42	00	87	000032	FE	CR	F	44	00	42	00	87	000032	3E	CR
Set 1	A Shri	ink H F	osn t	o 0													
F	04	00	42	00	DA	000000	1F	CR	F	44	00	42	00	DA	000000	5F	CR
Set 1	A Shri	ink V F	osn t	o 100													
F	04	00	42	00	DB	000064	84	CR	F	44	00	42	00	DB	000064	C4	CR

14.5 Reading and writing macros

Depending on the unit connected there can be up to 7 macros stored in the unit. These macros can be programmed to perform a specific task, for example enable PIP mode, Position pip window at H=0, V=0, Zoom in to 120%.

The WIN and OUT bytes are not used for macro reading or writing and should be set to WIN=1A and OUT = 0

The CHA byte indicates the macro we are programming / reading / running. Macro 1 to 5 are CHA 0..4, CHA=5 is restore, CHA 6..7 are Macros 6..7.

Macro Restore (CHA=5) is read only, the units restore state is set by sending the Store command (0C8).

Menu text	СНА	FUNC (Hex)	Range of adjustment (decimal)
Macro			
Run macro	07	F1	01 = Run, Erase macro
Number of items within	07	F4	Read Only
macro			
Function to adjust	07	F2	04095
Value	07	F3	Value for Function

14.5.1 Reading a previously stored Macro

In order to read a macro the following commands must be sent in this specific order – no other commands should be sent between these messages. The CHA in these cases relate not to the source but to the macro we are reading.

Packet sent

rack	et sem								rack	etretu	meu						
SOP	CMD	СНА	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	СНА	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP
Read read	numbe	er of ite	ems cu	urrently	/ store	d in Pı	eset	2	Re	turned	packe	t indic	ates 4	items	available	e to	
F	84	01	42	00	F4	-	BB	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F4	00002	FC	CR
Read the Function for the first item in the preset / macro															= Zoom		
F	84	01	42	00	F3	-	BA	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F3	000086	?80	CR

Read	the Da	ata for	the fire	st item	in the	prese	t / m	acro	Payl	oad is	the dat	ta for	the fun	ction -	- 100%		
F	84	01	42	00	F2	-	B9	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F2	000064	5D	CR
Read	the Fu	inction	for th	e seco	nd ite	m in th	e pre	eset /	Payl	oad is	the Fu	nction	stored	d – 87	= Shrink		
macr	0																
F	84	01	42	00	F3	-	BA	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F3	000087	81	CR
Read the Data for the second item in the preset /										oad is	the dat	ta for t	the fun	ction -	- 100%		
macr	0																
F	84	01	42	00	F2	-	B9	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F2	000064	5D	CR
		•			•					• -				_			

The above example shows the read for all the items within macro 0. The first command reads the number of items available in the macro and resets the read address. Then the following items read the function and then the data for each of the items in the preset/macro. Following a read of the data for a macro internally the next item in the macro is selected for reading so it is not possible to read the same item twice without first re-reading the number of items in the macro.

14.5.2 Writing to a macro

In order to read a preset / macro the following commands must be sent in this specific order – no other commands should be sent between these messages.

Pack	et sen	t							Pack	et reti	urned						
SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP
Clear	Clear macro																
F	04	02	42	00	F1	000001	ЗА	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000001	7A	CR
						•									•		,
Write	the fu	nction	for fi	rst iter	m in m	acro 3 =	Zoc	m									
F	04	02	42	00	F3	000086	C1	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F3	000011	01	CR
	data f			tem =													
F	04	02	42	00	F2	000064	9E	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F2	000011	DE	CR
Write	the fu	nction	for th	ne sec		shrink											
F	04	02	42	00	F3	000087	C2	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F2	000011	02	CR
Write	the da	ata for	the s	econo	l item	= 100											
F	04	02	42	00	F2	000064	9Ē	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F3	000011	DE	CR

14.5.3 Run and Restore macros

Macros once programmed can be run by sending one of the following commands. By running macro 5 the unit can be restored to its previously saved state, when used in conjunction with the other macros this allows a default setup or baseline for the unit to be created.

Pacl	ket sen			Pack	et retu	rned											
SOF	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP
Res		05	40	00		000000	00	00	_		0.5	40	00	E4	000000	70	0.0
F	04		42	00	F1	000000	3C	CR	F	44	05	42	00	F1	000000	7C	CR
Run	macro 04	1 00	42	00	F1	000000	37	CR	F	44	00	42	00	F1	000000	77	CR

Run	macro	2															
F	04	01	42	00	F1	000000	38	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F1	000000	78 (CR
									,								
Run	macro	3															
F	04	02	42	00	F1	000000	39	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000000	79 (CR
Run	macro	7															
F	04	07	42	00	F1	000000	39	3E	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000000	7E (CR

14.5.4 Emulate a front panel button press

This is performed using function code 0x24F and the following payload codes (requires firmware version 287 onwards). Note that not all button presses are relevant to your unit.

Button press	Payload
Power down	0400E1
Power back on – see Reset command.	N/A
Reset menu settings to power-on values	0100E2
Reset menu settings to factory defaults	2300E2
Lock / unlock front panel buttons	0100E3
Set to NTSC output	0000E7
Set to PAL output	0000E8
Set to default output resolution for unit	0000E9
Set to 480p output	0000EA
Set to 720p 59.94Hz output	0000EB
Set to 720p 60Hz output	0000EC
Cycle presets (demo mode)	0100EE
Select DVI-I1 as source	000200
Select DVI-I2 as source	000201
Select DVI-I3 as source	000202
Select DVI-I4 as source	0002A2
Select CV1 as source	000203
Select CV2 as source	000204
Select CV3 as source	000205
Select YC1 as source	000206
Select YC2 as source	000207
Select YC3 as source	000208
Select TC1 / SIS1 as source	000209
Select TC2 / SIS2 as source	00020A
Select OUT1 as source	00020B
Select OUT2 as source	00020C
Toggle window A/B/Z	00020D
Toggle output 1/2	00020E
TAKE (activate transition)	00020F
FREEZE	000211
KEY	000212
MIX	00024D
INPUT	00024E
AUTOSET	00024F

FADE		
PAN 000253 SIZE 000254 POS 000255 LOCK 000256 PIP 000257 MIX / PIP 00025D ASPECT 00025D PAN / POS 00026F ZOOM 000270 LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Zoom value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 <		
SIZE 000254 POS 000255 LOCK 000256 PIP 000257 MIX / PIP 00025D ASPECT 00026F ZOOM 00026F ZOOM 000269 DeCrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000215 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 2801		
POS 000255 LOCK 000256 PIP 000257 MIX / PIP 00025A ASPECT 00026D PAN / POS 00026F ZOOM 000270 LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1		000253
LOCK 000256 PIP 000257 MIX / PIP 00025A ASPECT 00025D PAN / POS 00026F ZOOM 000270 LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 02068 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 <td>SIZE</td> <td>000254</td>	SIZE	000254
PIP 000257 MIX / PIP 00025A ASPECT 00025D PAN / POS 00026F ZOOM 000270 LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000217 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 6 02011C Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011D Erase M	POS	000255
MIX / PIP 00025A ASPECT 00025D PAN / POS 00026F ZOOM 000270 LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 6 00021C Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 7 280168 Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 7 280168 Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 7 280168 Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 7 280168 Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 7 280168 Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 6 28011D Erase Macro 7 280168 Erase Macro 8 28011D Erase Macro 9 280168 Erase Macro 9 28016	LOCK	000256
ASPECT 00025D PAN / POS 00026F ZOOM 000270 LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 6 02011C Add to Macro 6 02011C Add to Macro 7 02011B Add to Macro 6 02011C Add to Macro 6 020167 Erase Macro 1 28011B Erase Macro 1 28011B Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 6 22011C Erase Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 6 28011C Erase Macro 6 28011C Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 000221 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0		000257
PAN / POS 00026F ZOOM 000270 LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 6 02011C Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 28011D Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280168	MIX / PIP	00025A
ZOOM 000270 LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 02011D Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 28011B Erase Macro 2 28011B Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 6 28011C Erase Macro 7 280168 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>00025D</td></tr<>		00025D
LOCK / MIX 000269 Decrease Shrink value 000213 Increase Shrink value 000214 Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 <td>PAN / POS</td> <td>00026F</td>	PAN / POS	00026F
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Increase Shrink value	LOCK / MIX	000269
Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Vertical Pan value 000	Decrease Shrink value	000213
Decrease Zoom value 000215 Increase Zoom value 000216 Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Vertical Pan value 000	Increase Shrink value	000214
Reset settings to power-on values 000217 Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Select window A <td< td=""><td>Decrease Zoom value</td><td>000215</td></td<>	Decrease Zoom value	000215
Identify current window 000218 Run Macro 1 000219 Run Macro 2 00021A Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Select window A 000223 Select window C 0002A0 <	Increase Zoom value	000216
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Run Macro 3 00021B Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Select window A 000223 Select window C 0002A0	Run Macro 1	000219
Run Macro 4 00021C Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Select window A 000223 Select window C 0002A0	Run Macro 2	00021A
Run Macro 5 00021D Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Run Macro 3	00021B
Run Macro 6 000267 Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000220 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Run Macro 4	00021C
Run Macro 7 000268 Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Run Macro 5	00021D
Add to Macro 1 020119 Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window C 0002A0	Run Macro 6	000267
Add to Macro 2 02011A Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000240	Run Macro 7	000268
Add to Macro 3 02011B Add to Macro 4 02011C Add to Macro 5 02011D Add to Macro 6 020167 Add to Macro 7 020168 Erase Macro 1 280119 Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window C 0002A0	Add to Macro 1	020119
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Erase Macro 2 28011A Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000240 Select window C 0002A0	Add to Macro 7	020168
Erase Macro 3 28011B Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000240 Select window C 0002A0	Erase Macro 1	280119
Erase Macro 4 28011C Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000240 Select window C 0002A0	Erase Macro 2	28011A
Erase Macro 5 28011D Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000240 Select window C 0002A0	Erase Macro 3	28011B
Erase Macro 6 280167 Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 00024 Select window C 0002A0	Erase Macro 4	28011C
Erase Macro 7 280168 Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Erase Macro 5	28011D
Decrease Horizontal Pan value 00021E Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Erase Macro 6	280167
Increase Horizontal Pan value 00021F Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Erase Macro 7	280168
Decrease Vertical Pan value 000220 Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Decrease Horizontal Pan value	00021E
Increase Vertical Pan value 000221 Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Increase Horizontal Pan value	00021F
Select window A 000223 Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Decrease Vertical Pan value	000220
Select window B 000224 Select window C 0002A0	Increase Vertical Pan value	000221
Select window C 0002A0	Select window A	000223
	Select window B	000224
Select window D 0002A1	Select window C	
1 000-11	Select window D	0002A1

Select window Z	000225
Select Output 1	000226
Select Output 2	000227
SELECT (menu adjust)	000128
Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control)	000129
Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control)	00012A
Left (menu adjust)	000158
Right (menu adjust)	000159
Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust)	00024B
Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust)	00024C
Decrement / PIP (menu adjust)	00029E
Increment / KEY (menu adjust)	00029F
Set transition to FADE	00026A
Set transition to WIPE	00026B
Set transition to PUSH	00026C
Select SD1 as source	00022B
Select SD2 as source	00022C
Select SD3 as source	0002A4
Select SD4 as source	0002A5
Select DVI1 as source for window A	00023C
Select DVI2 as source for window A	00023D
Select DVI3 as source for window A	00023E
Select CV1 as source for window A	00023F
Select CV2 as source for window A	000240
Select CV3 as source for window A	000241
Select YC1 as source for window A	000242
Select YC2 as source for window A	000243
Select YC3 as source for window A	000244
Select TC1 as source for window A	000245
Select TC2 as source for window A	000246
Select OUT1 as source for window A	000247
Select OUT2 as source for window A	000248
Select SDI1 as source for window A	000249
Select SDI2 as source for window A	00024A
Select SDI3 as source for window A	000271
Select SDI4 as source for window A	000272
Select SDI5 as source for window A	000273
Select SDI6 as source for window A	000274
Select SDI7 as source for window A	000275
Select SDI8 as source for window A	000276
Select DVI1 as source for window B	00022D
Select DVI2 as source for window B	00022E
Select DVI3 as source for window B	00022F
Select CV1 as source for window B	000230
Select CV2 as source for window B	000231
Select CV3 as source for window B	000232
Select YC1 as source for window B	000233

	1
Select YC2 as source for window B	000234
Select YC3 as source for window B	000235
Select TC1 as source for window B	000236
Select TC2 as source for window B	000237
Select OUT1 as source for window B	000238
Select OUT2 as source for window B	000239
Select SDI1 as source for window B	00023A
Select SDI2 as source for window B	00023R
Select SDI3 as source for window B	000277
Select SDI4 as source for window B	000277
Select SDI5 as source for window B	000279
Select SDI6 as source for window B	000273
Select SDI7 as source for window B	00027A
Select SDI7 as source for window B	00027B
Lock to CV1	00025B
Lock to YC1	00025C
Toggle CV1 / YC1 as source	00025E
Toggle CV2 / YC2 as source	00025F
Toggle DVI-D1 / SDI1 as source	000260
Toggle RGB1 / YUV1 as source	000261
Select DVI-D1 as source	000262
Select RGB1 as source	000263
Select RGB2 as source	00027D
Select YUV1 as source	000264
Logo 1A toggle on/off	000265
Logo 2B toggle on/off	000266
Window 1A toggle on/off	00026D
Window 2B toggle on/off	00026E
Go to Lock menu item	00027E
Output 1 toggle on/off	00027F
Output 2 toggle on/off	000280
Select UNI1 as source for window A	000281
Select UNI2 as source for window A	000282
Select UNI3 as source for window A	000283
Select UNI4 as source for window A	000284
Select UNI5 as source for window A	000285
Select UNI6 as source for window A	000286
Select UNI7 as source for window A	000287
Select UNI8 as source for window A	000287
Select UNI1 as source for window A	000288
Select UNI2 as source for window B	000289 00028A
Select UNI3 as source for window B	00028A
Select UNI4 as source for window B	00028C
Select UNIS as source for window B	00028D
Select UNI6 as source for window B	00028E
Select UNI7 as source for window B	00028F
Select UNI8 as source for window B	000290

C2-8000 SERIES OPERATION MANUAL

Load Preset 1 000291 Load Preset 2 000292 Load Preset 3 000293 Load Preset 4 000294 Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 2 020191 Store Preset 3 020192 Store Preset 4 020192 Store Preset 5 020193 Store Preset 6 020194 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020198 Store Preset 9 020199 Store Preset 10 020199 Erase Preset 1 280191 Erase Preset 2 280192 Erase Preset 3 280193 Erase Preset 4 280194 Erase Preset 5 280195 Erase Preset 6 280196 Erase Preset 7 280197 Erase Preset 8 280198 Erase	1 15 (4	000004
Load Preset 3 000293 Load Preset 4 000294 Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 1 020191 Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 4 020194 Store Preset 5 020195 Store Preset 6 020195 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020198 Store Preset 9 020199 Store Preset 10 02019A Erase Preset 1 280191 Erase Preset 2 280192 Erase Preset 3 280193 Erase Preset 4 280194 Erase Preset 5 280195 Erase Preset 6 280196 Erase Preset 7 280197 Erase Preset 8 280199 Erase Preset 9 280199 Eras	Load Preset 1	000291
Load Preset 4 000294 Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 1 020191 Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 4 020194 Store Preset 5 020195 Store Preset 6 020195 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020198 Store Preset 9 020199 Store Preset 10 02019A Erase Preset 1 280191 Erase Preset 2 280192 Erase Preset 3 280193 Erase Preset 4 280194 Erase Preset 5 280195 Erase Preset 6 280196 Erase Preset 8 280196 Erase Preset 9 280197 Erase Preset 9 280199 Erase Preset 10 28019A Se		
Load Preset 5 000295 Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 1 020191 Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 4 020194 Store Preset 5 020195 Store Preset 6 020196 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020198 Store Preset 9 020199 Store Preset 10 02019A Erase Preset 1 280191 Erase Preset 2 280192 Erase Preset 3 280193 Erase Preset 4 280194 Erase Preset 5 280195 Erase Preset 6 280196 Erase Preset 7 280197 Erase Preset 8 280198 Erase Preset 9 280199 Erase Preset 10 28019A Set output to WHITE 00029C		
Load Preset 6 000296 Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 1 020191 Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 4 020194 Store Preset 5 020195 Store Preset 6 020196 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020198 Store Preset 9 020199 Store Preset 10 02019A Erase Preset 1 280191 Erase Preset 2 280192 Erase Preset 3 280193 Erase Preset 4 280194 Erase Preset 5 280195 Erase Preset 6 280196 Erase Preset 8 280197 Erase Preset 9 280199 Erase Preset 9 280199 Erase Preset 10 28019A Set output to WHITE 00029C Toggle edge blend lines on/off 00029D		
Load Preset 7 000297 Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 1 020191 Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 4 020194 Store Preset 5 020195 Store Preset 6 020196 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020198 Store Preset 9 020199 Store Preset 10 02019A Erase Preset 1 280191 Erase Preset 2 280192 Erase Preset 3 280193 Erase Preset 4 280194 Erase Preset 5 280195 Erase Preset 6 280196 Erase Preset 8 280197 Erase Preset 9 280199 Erase Preset 10 28019A Set output to BLACK 00029B Set output to WHITE 00029C Toggle edge blend lines on/off 00029D		
Load Preset 8 000298 Load Preset 9 000299 Load Preset 10 00029A Store Preset 1 020191 Store Preset 2 020192 Store Preset 3 020193 Store Preset 4 020194 Store Preset 5 020195 Store Preset 6 020196 Store Preset 7 020197 Store Preset 8 020198 Store Preset 9 020199 Store Preset 10 02019A Erase Preset 1 280191 Erase Preset 2 280192 Erase Preset 3 280193 Erase Preset 4 280194 Erase Preset 5 280195 Erase Preset 6 280196 Erase Preset 8 280197 Erase Preset 9 280199 Erase Preset 10 28019A Set output to BLACK 00029B Set output to WHITE 00029C Toggle edge blend lines on/off 00029D		
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Erase Preset 9 280199 Erase Preset 10 28019A Set output to BLACK 00029B Set output to WHITE 00029C Toggle edge blend lines on/off 00029D	Erase Preset 7	280197
Erase Preset 10 28019A Set output to BLACK 00029B Set output to WHITE 00029C Toggle edge blend lines on/off 00029D	Erase Preset 8	280198
Set output to BLACK00029BSet output to WHITE00029CToggle edge blend lines on/off00029D	Erase Preset 9	280199
Set output to WHITE 00029C Toggle edge blend lines on/off 00029D	Erase Preset 10	28019A
Toggle edge blend lines on/off 00029D	Set output to BLACK	00029B
Toggle edge blend lines on/off 00029D	Set output to WHITE	00029C
		00029D
		0002A3

I.e. insert the 6 digit code from above into the following text string: F041041024F######??<CR>

E.g. to Load Preset 1, use the text string: F041041024F000291??<CR>

14.5.5 Reset command

This is a special command to reset a unit (as if power had been removed and reapplied). Note that unlike the above commands, this is sent as binary (i.e. not as ASCII text).

0x53, 0x06, 0x04, 0x01, 0x55, 0xAA, 0x55, 0xB2

15 COMMON OPERATIONS

This section provides step by step instructions for some common operations.

15.1 Operation of the Keyer

Some units come equipped with a very powerful Luminance and Chrominance Keyer. The Keyer can take some time to master and below is a breakdown and series of simple steps to help you master the Keyer's operation

When adjusting the values, please bear in the mind the following:

The Y value is the Luminance value, so 0 is black and 255 is very bright (white).

The U value is the B-Y component. This is the difference between the Blue and the Luminance value. If part of an image is black, grey or white, then its value is 128 (being the mid-point).

The V value is the R-Y component. This is the difference between the Red and the Luminance value. If part of an image is black, grey or white, then its value is 128 (being the mid-point).

15.1.1 Preparation:

- 1. Enter the Adjust windows menu.
- 2. Select the Source (this will be the foreground).
- 3. Exit the Adjust windows menu.
- Enter the Adjust keyers menu.
- Ensure the Kever is Off.
- 6. Set all Y, U and V min/max values to [0] [255].
- 7. Set all Y, U and V softness values to 0.
- 8. Set all Y, U and V invert values to Off.
- 9. Turn the Keyer On.

At this point your source image will have disappeared, since all colors have been keyed out.

15.1.2 Adjustment:

Knowing which color(s) you want to key out from the image, e.g. black to disappear, perform the following set of steps:

- 1. Increase the Y Key Min from 0 until just before the required color (Key Color) appears.
- 2. Decrease the Y Key Max from 255 until just before the required color (Key Color) appears.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 & 2 for the U and V min/max values as well.

Adjust any of the Softness values to improve the key. If your input signal is slightly noisy or if you want to soften the edges within the image, then this may require you

to decrease the 'min' values and increase the 'max' values to broaden the range of colors keyed out.

At this point, only the key color should remain transparent.

16 TROUBLESHOOTING AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT

If problems are experienced, please read through the symptom topics below in order to resolve the problem. After doing so, if you still need to, contact Technical Support at *http://www.tvone.com/support*. Please have the following details of the problem handy:

Whether the problem happens only at specific times or has only just started occurring (and what other things have changed at the same time).

Firmware revision numbers - found in the first item of the System menu:

If the problem relates to a specific source or resolution:

16.1 There is no picture on the Output.

If no LEDs are on, then ensure that the AC power adaptor is connected properly and the power switch is on at the AC outlet.

If the Standby/ON LED on the unit is off but another blue LED is active then check that the monitor output from the computer is connected at both the computer and the unit. Check that the output connector you are using from the unit is also connected at the unit and the display equipment.

Check that the display video equipment is set to the correct line input and format/standard as appropriate.

Check that the device connected to the output is on and can support the resolution set in the Adjust output menu, ensuring that the Sync type e.g. RGBHV, is also set correctly.

16.2 The image is shifted and not fully viewable

There are several ways to correct this, depending on the actual problem, although it's generally best to perform a Factory reset.

Try an AUTOSET if the input is RGB or YUV/YCbCr. Next adjust the TL pos. adj. values in the Setup Program source menu until the incoming video signal is displayed correctly. You may also need to adjust the BR size adj. setting to ensure the incoming video signal is properly displayed.

16.3 The output resolutions no longer appear as expected.

Because any changes made in the Adjust resolutions menu are automatically stored, it may be that the resolution data has become altered or corrupted beyond the ability of a display to show it.

Either manually correct the resolution data, or restore the data to full factory conditions by doing a firmware update. The user should avoid altering the resolution parameter data unless absolutely necessary.

16.4 There is excessive flicker on the Output.

Try using a different Flicker reduction mode. Turning the contrast down and the brightness up on the output device can have a large effect on flicker. Or try adjusting the brightness and contrast of the source input by selecting the Input adjust menu.

16.5 The Output image is distorted.

This may occur where some of the areas of the image are very dark and others are very bright. The solution is to adjust the contrast and brightness settings on your Output device to rectify the problem.

Alternatively, if the Adjust resolutions menu has been used to the output resolution in question, a firmware update is recommended to perform a FULL factory reset.

16.6 Some colors appear to be incorrect on the CV/YC output

First try altering the color, contrast and brightness settings on your TV or video display. These are usually set up for a very different reason than viewing computer graphics and may need changing to suit. If you cannot achieve exactly what you desire then alter the inputs levels in Adjust sources until the correct colors are restored.

16.7 How can I reduce color smearing on CV connections?

Smearing usually occurs on Composite Video connections and is generally unavoidable - unless you can switch to using S-Video or RGB / YUV connections. It occurs because the brightness and color information is transmitted as one combined (composite) signal and the two parts have to be 'bandwidth-limited' to avoid them interfering with each other – which then reduces the quality.

16.8 I can no longer adjust the Output image resolution.

When the unit is in Lock mode, the output resolution is fixed to be the same as the Lock source input resolution. During this time the Output image menu item is not displayed.

16.9 The picture on the video display is black and white.

Ensure that all the cables are correctly connected. If you are using a PAL TV to display the output then the unit may be providing resolution set to NTSC mode, or vice versa.

16.10 The picture on the video display is green.

The Output type is probably incorrectly set to YUV mode, whereas you are connecting to an RGB monitor – see Adjust outputs menu.

16.11 The RGB input is selected but the image is rolling or pink.

Check the Adjust sources menu and confirm that the input type and sync method is set correctly. (Having YUV input selected, instead of RGBHV often causes this problem).

16.12 The video signal from my DVD player does not appear to work.

Some DVD players have a switch at the back that selects between 'Component' and 'S-Video' output, because most will not let you output both at the same time. Make sure it is in the right position for the output you want.

16.13 Image is flashing, snow is present, or source image does not appear.

You may be experiencing a HDCP compatibility problem.

If one of the sources you are using is HDCP encrypted, and your unit is not set to output HDCP, then your unit will not allow the source image to pass through the unit (it may flash on and off).

The solution (if your unit supports HDCP) is to ensure it is enabled in both 'Adjust outputs' and in the 'Adjust sources' menu for that source signal.

If you unit does not support HDCP, or your output device does not support HDCP (e.g. an analog monitor), then there is no way to display a HDCP encrypted source signal.

17 RETURN PROCEDURE

Before returning your unit for repair, there are several checks you can make yourself to make sure the problem is actually caused by a failure.

17.1 Are you sure there's a fault?

Many 'faults' are due to incorrect set-up or use so a simple checklist is provided below to help you identify potential problems.

Set the unit up with your equipment as described in this manual and run through the checklist. This will hopefully determine whether or not the unit is actually faulty and prevent units from being returned unnecessarily.

Check the Troubleshooting tips of this manual and check out the various FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) listings on the support website, http://www.tvone.com/support, which shows the latest Hints, Tips and Solutions.

Don't presume it is the unit that is causing the problem. Check that the equipment being used with it is fully working and setup correctly – bypass the unit if possible by connecting the video source directly to the video display.

Check the AC power. Is it present and is the unit turned on? Check that all cables are properly plugged in and are not damaged and then make certain that all equipment connected to the unit is working properly.

Perhaps you have a "frozen" unit and you cannot change an input nor exit from the current task. In that case, a simple 'Factory Reset' of the product may sort the problem out. See earlier section on Front panel buttons to do this. Note that all user-settings will be lost following an engineering reset.

It is also worth ensuring that the latest firmware is installed in the unit – although, again, user settings are lost during a firmware update.

17.2 To return a unit for repair

First contact TV One using the *http://www.tvone.com/support* website. Support personnel will determine whether a return to the factory is the appropriate solution. If that's the case, a Return Authorization Number will be issued. You should provide the following information for each unit:

Product type

Serial number of the faulty unit (this is on the underside of the unit)

Full details of fault

Invoice number (if available)

Units should be returned via insured carrier or registered mail (thus allowing a trace to be made if the Processor is lost in transit), with shipping costs and insurance arranged at your own risk and expense. Goods in transit are the responsibility of the sender and the supplier will not be responsible for transit losses.

Please clearly state the return number on the outside packaging and on any accompanying documentation. This will greatly speed up processing.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT return a unit for warranty repair without first obtaining a Return Authorization Number. No action will be taken on a unit returned in warranty for repair without a Return Authorization Number

18 WARRANTY POLICY

LIMITED WARRANTY – With the exceptions noted in the next paragraph, TV One warrants the original purchaser that the equipment it manufactures or sells will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of five years from the date of purchase. Should this product, in TV One's opinion, prove defective within this warranty period, TV One, at its option, will repair or replace this product without charge. Any defective parts replaced become the property of TV One. This warranty does not apply to those products which have been damaged due to accident, unauthorized alterations, improper repair, modifications, inadequate maintenance and care, or use in any manner for which the product was not originally intended.

Items integrated into TV One products that are made by other manufacturers, notably computer hard drives and liquid crystal display panels, are limited to the term of the warranty offered by the respective manufacturers. Such specific warranties are available upon request to TV One.

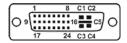
If repairs are necessary under this warranty policy, the original purchaser must obtain a Return Authorization Number from TV One and return the product to a location designated by TV One, freight prepaid. After repairs are complete, the product will be returned, freight prepaid.

LIMITATIONS - All products sold are "as is" and the above Limited Warranty is in lieu of all other warranties for this product, expressed or implied, and is strictly limited to five years from the date of purchase. TV One assumes no liability to distributors, resellers or end-users or any third parties for any loss of use, revenue or profit.

TV One makes no other representation of warranty as to fitness for the purpose or merchantability or otherwise in respect of any of the products sold. The liability of TV One with respect to any defective products will be limited to the repair or replacement of such products. In no event shall TV One be responsible or liable for any damage arising from the use of such defective products whether such damages be direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise, and whether such damages are incurred by the reseller, end-user or any third party.

19 CONNECTOR PINOUTS

19.1 DVI-U connector



PIN#	SIGNAL	PIN#	SIGNAL				
1	T.M.D.S DATA 2-	16	HOT PLUG D	ETEC	Т		
2	T.M.D.S DATA 2+	17	T.M.D.S DAT	A 0-			
3	T.M.D.S 2/4 SHIELD	18	T.M.D.S DAT	A 0+			
4	Not used	19	T.M.D.S DAT	A 0/5 \$	SHIE	LD	
5	Not used	20	Not used				
6	DDC CLOCK	21	Not used				
7	DDC DATA	22	T.M.D.S CLO	CK SI	HELD)	
8	ANALOG VERT.	23	T.M.D.S CLOCK+				
	SYNC						
9	T.M.D.S DATA 1-	24	T.M.D.S CLOCK-				
10	T.M.D.S DATA 1+						
11	T.M.D.S 1/3 SHIELD	C1	ANALOG R C * Pr				
12	Not used	C2	ANALOG G * CV Y				
13	Not used	C3	ANALOG B Y * PB				
14	+5V POWER	C4	ANALOG HORZ SYNC				
15	GND	C5	ANALOG GROUND				

19.2 RS232/422/485 D9 socket

Pin	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
		Full duplex	Half-duplex
1	-	TX- (from unit)	A (link to pin 9)
2	TX (from unit)		
3	RX (to unit)		
4	-	RX+ (to unit)	B (link to pin 6)
5	GND	GND	GND
6	-	TX+ (from unit)	B (link to pin 4)
7	CTS (to unit)		
8	RTS (from unit)		
9	-	RX- (to unit)	A (link to pin 1)

'To unit' means signals are coming from a controller and being received by the unit. 'From unit' means signals are coming from the unit and being sent to a controller. RS-422 may require termination across the RX+/- pins (usually 120 Ohm). RS-485 needs pins linked as shown and may require termination across the A/B pins (usually 120 Ohm).

You can select the serial standard in the 'System' menu.

19.3 HD44 Connection on optional Audio module

PIN#	SIGNAL	PIN#	SIGNAL
1	AES3-id Input Channel 1	23	Ground
2	AES3-id Input Channel 2	24	Ground
3	AES3-id Input Channel 3	25	Ground
4	AES3-id Input Channel 4	26	Ground
5	AES3-id Input Channel 5	27	Ground
6	AES3-id Input Channel 6	28	Ground
7	AES3-id Input Channel 7	29	Reserved
8	AES3-id Input Channel 8	30	Reserved
9	Reserved	31	AES3-id Output Channel 1
10	Reserved	32	AES3-id Output Channel 2
11	Reserved	33	AES3-id Output Channel 3
12	Reserved	34	AES3-id Output Channel 4
13	Reserved	35	AES3-id Output Channel 5
14	Reserved	36	AES3-id Output Channel 6
15	Reserved	37	AES3-id Output Channel 7
16	Ground	38	AES3-id Output Channel 8
17	Ground	39	Reserved
18	Ground	40	Reserved
19	Ground	41	Reserved
20	Ground	42	DARS Reference input
21	Ground	43	Reserved
22	Ground	44	Reserved

20 SPECIFICATIONS

20.1 Video Inputs

Connection: CV, YC on DVI-I connector

Input impedance: 75 Ohm

Television standards supported: NTSC, PAL and SECAM

CV/YC video decoder: 10-bit Digital

De-Interlacing (up-conversion only): pixel-level motion adaptive with noise reduction

Comb filter decoding: adaptive

Film mode (NTSC) 3:2 pull down for up-conversion

CV/YC Video adjustments: contrast, brightness, saturation, hue (NTSC)

20.2 Reference Input

Connection: CV or Tri-level HD (720p, 1080i, 1080p) on BNC

CV/YC sub-carrier lock range: +/- 200Hz for NTSC Operation, +/- 250Hz for PAL

Operation

20.3 Computer Digital Inputs

Connection: DVI-D (on DVI-I connector) supporting up to 162MHz / 1920x1200 @ 60Hz.

Supports HDCP repeater functionality.

EDID 1.3 data on DVI-D connector to communicate available resolutions. Compatible with HDMI sources (change EDID setting in Adjust sources).

Supports 48kHz audio input when HDMI input active.

20.4 Analog inputs

Connection: RGBHV / YPbPr on DVI-I connector

Analog RGB/YPbPr supporting RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, YPbPr terminating into 75

Ohm

Digital sync (in RGBHV or RGBS mode): TTL Level, 10K termination, pos or

negative

Analog sync (in RGsB, YPbPr, YUV modes): 0.3v negative.

Analog RGB Level Range: 0.5-2.0 Vp-p approx.

De-Interlacing (YUV/YPbPr only): pixel-level motion adaptive with noise reduction

Scan Rate Detection: automatic

Analog PC Resolutions: any up to 2048x2048 Analog HDTV Resolutions: any up to 1080p Analog max horizontal scan rate: 150kHz

20.5 Video Outputs

Connection: CV, YC on DVI-I connector

Output impedance 75 Ohm

Television standards supported: NTSC and PAL

Composite Video 1v p-p

S-Video (YC) 1v p-p

20.6 Computer Digital Outputs

Connection: DVI-D on DVI-I connector, supporting up to 162MHz / 1920x1200 @

60Hz.

Supports HDCP repeater functionality.

Can output HDMI-compatible signal with audio @ 48kHz.

20.7 Analog Outputs

Connection: RGBHV / YPbPr on DVI-I connector

Analog output impedance 75 Ohm

Analog RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, YPbPr (0.7v RGB / 1.0v sync-tip to white)

Analog PC Resolutions: any up to 2048x2048 (user adjustable)

Analog HDTV Resolutions: any up to 1080p

Vertical Refresh Rate: any to 250Hz

20.8 SDI inputs & outputs

Compliant with SDI, HD-SDI and 3G-SDI. SDI-SDI: SMPTE 259M-C (Jitter <0.10Ul) HD-SDI: SMPTE 292M (Jitter <0.20Ul) 3G-SDI: SMPTE 425M-A (Jitter <0.30Ul)

4x Stereo audio @ 48kHz can be de-embedded and embedded on each SDI

connection

20.9 Audio module

Provides 8x AES3-id inputs and 8x AES3-id outputs (1v peak-peak) Allows connection of A2-7300 range of analog to digital and digital to analog convertors

20.10 Locking/Mixing

Unit can be locked to the Reference, DVI-U1 and DVI-U2 inputs only

Keyer: chromakey (YUV) or lumakey (Y)

Mixer: Can mix any combination of layers in any order - depending on Mode in use

PIP: variable window size & position - single-button enabling

20.11 Scaling / sampling / memory

Size and position: automatic via AutoSet or Manual

Image size: user-definable presets Image freeze: one video frame Settings memory: non-Volatile

Zoom range: variable to 10x Zoom (1000%)

Shrink range: variable to 10%

Image mirroring: Horizontal and/or Vertical

Horizontal filtering: full digital

De-interlacing: Motion pixel adaptive with noise reduction Frame-rate conversion: frame add / drop (double-buffered)

Conversion technology: proprietary CORIO2 Color resolution: 24-bit (16.8 Million Colors) Max sampling rate: 162MHz maximum

Digital sampling: RGB 24-bit 4:4:4 format, YUV 20-bit 4:2:2 format

Firmware memory: flash, upgradeable via RS-232

20.12 Reliability

MTBF has been calculated to be 30,000+ hours

20.13 Warranty

See warranty policy for further details.

20.14 Regulatory Compliance

Main unit conforms to FCC, CE, RoHS. PSU is UL marked.

20.15 Environmental

Operating Temperature 0° to +50° C (+32° to +122° F) Operating Humidity 10% to 85%, Non-condensing Storage Temperature -10° to +70° C (+14° to +158° F) Storage Humidity 10% to 85%, Non-condensing

20.16 Power Requirement

Power inlet: Auto-sensing 110v / 230v AC. (Optional factory-fitted redundant PSU from single inlet.)

20.17 Control Methods

The unit can be controlled locally via the front panel buttons, multi-directional switch and Liquid Crystal Display. It can also be controlled remotely via the RS-232 interface using a D9 female connector or again remotely using Ethernet via a RJ45 Ethernet connector.

20.18 Accessories Included

Varies depending on unit.

20.19 Mechanical

Enclosure size (H x W x D): 1.73" x 17.0" x 13.1" (44 x 431 x 334mm) Weight (Net): 10.6 lbs+ (4.82 kg+) depending on unit.

20.20 Optional Accessories

TBA